Appendix
Type 1
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—SENATE

June 18, 1979

resident of one of the territories to vote in Presidential elections; and be it further

Resolved, That the Speaker be authorized to and the Legislative Secretary attest to the adoption
hereof and that copies of the same be transmitted to the Speaker, House of Representatives; to the Vice President of the United States; to the President pro Tempore of the Senate; to the Chief State and territorial legislature; to the American Civil Liberties Union; to the National Legislative Conference; to the American Bar Association; to the Speaker of the House; to the Speaker of the Senate; to the Annual Convention of the Bar Association of the District of Columbia; to the Governor of Guam.

POM-301. A joint resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of North Caro-

'leveland to the Committee on Environment and Public Works:

House Joint Resolution 1477

"Whereas, the Clean Air Act of 1970 established mandatory automobile emission

standards and time schedules for their implementation by automobile manufacturers;

"Whereas, in response to the stringent emission control requirements of the Clean Air Act, automobile manufacturers have developed catalytic converters to remove harmful

pollutants from vehicle emissions;

"Whereas, catalytic converters are muffler-like devices intended to chemically convert

toxic compounds and nitrogen oxides in automobile exhaust into harmless emissions; and

"Whereas, while the catalytic converters have enabled automobile manufacturers to comply

with the mandates of the Clean Air Act, a new problem has arisen as to whether these devices are in the best interests of the nation’s drivers and the general public as well; and

"Whereas, for example, the installation of catalytic converters on new vehicles reportedly

increases the initial selling price of vehicles so equipped by an estimated average cost of up to five hundred dollars (600.00) per vehicle; and

"Whereas, in addition, it is an established fact that minimal amounts of lead, a common

component in regular and premium gasoline, will seriously impair, if not totally

negate the intended cleaning function of the catalytic converter;

"Whereas, as a result, vehicles fitted with catalytic converters must, out of practical necessity, be refueled with unleaded gasoline to ensure the effective functioning of the emission control systems and to contain the emission of harmful pollutants within accept-

able limits; and

"Whereas, unleaded gasoline is more expensive than conventional gasoline because of the extra costs associated with the production of unleaded gasoline; and

"Whereas, efforts of the federal government to assure adequate supplies of unleaded

gasoline have not been entirely successful due in large part to circumstances of an in-

ternational nature beyond the control of the federal government with the resultant shortage of unleaded fuel in several regions of the United States; and

"Whereas, experience has demonstrated that frequent refueling and engine service work are required for vehicles equipped with catalytic converters to assure maximum fuel efficiency, high repair and maintenance cost, and other problems associated with the catalytic converter give rise to the firm con-

clusion that elimination of the catalytic converter and its replacement with alternate technologies may better serve the intended purposes of the catalytic converter in a matter of compelling national interest; and

"Now, therefore, be it resolved by the Senate of the State of Cleveland, that the Senate

and the Governor of the State of Ohio:

"Section 1. That the President of the United States, the United States Congress, the Department of Energy, the Department of Transportation, the Environmental Protection Agency, the Air Quality Control Council, the Ohio General Assembly, the City Council of Cleveland, the Governor of the State of Ohio, and the President of the United States, consent to the use of catalytic converters to remove harmful

pollutants from vehicle emissions;

"Section 2. That copies of this resolution shall be sent to the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, the Secretary of the Senate, the Governor of the State of Ohio, and the President of the United States.

POM-301. A joint resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of Iowa to the Committee on Commerce:

Senate Joint Resolution 1

"Whereas, with each passing year this na-

tion becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures exceed revenues, and public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

"Whereas, the annual federal budget continues to increase each year, and the federal government is spending in excess of the legal public debt limit; and

"Whereas, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance; and

"Whereas, believing that fiscal irresponsi-

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CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—SENATE

July 21, 1933

International and domestic marine issues; and be it further,

"Resolved: That a copy of this resolution, duly signed by the Secretary of the State of Missouri, be transmitted forthwith by the Secretary of the State to the President of the Senate of the United States. Signed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives in the Congress of the United States and to each member of the Maine Congressional Delegation."

POM-332. A concurrent resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri to the Committee on the Judiciary.

"S E N A T E C O N C O R N E N T R E S O L U T I O N No. 3

"Whereas, with each passing year this nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues, so that the public debt now exceeds one trillion dollars; and

"Whereas, the annual federal budget continuously demonstrates an unwisdom or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to limit the growth of federal spending and taxes, and to contain the budget; and

"Whereas, unfilied budgets do not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget; and

"Whereas, knowledgeable planners, fiscal prudents, and other concerned public officials, and, in good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance on a regular basis; and

"Whereas, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility; and

"Whereas, the federal deficit in Fiscal Year 1982 was $110.7 billion, nearly double the deficit in Fiscal Year 1981; and

"Whereas, the Congressional Budget Office projects a deficit for Fiscal Years 1983 and 1994 of $185 billion and $200 billion, respectively; and

"Whereas, the United States Senate approved a proposed balance budget amendment in response to the efforts of the thirty-one state legislatures which have recommended such a convention on this subject, and its conviction about the need for a constitutional restraint upon Congress' fiscal authority; and

"Whereas, the Reagan Administration has indicated that the budget will not be balanced by 1984; and

"Whereas, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the Constitution may be proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, the Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments which shall be valid for all intents and purposes when ratified by three-fourths of the several states, being the requisite action to be vital; and

"Now, therefore, be it resolved by the Senate of the Eighty-second General Assembly of the State of Missouri, the House of Representatives in the Congress of the United States, and that the Missouri General Assembly requests the Congress to prepare and submit to the several states before January 1, 1984, an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, requiring a balanced federal budget and to make certain exceptions with respect thereto; and

"Be it further resolved that effective January 1, 1984, this application constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until the legislatures of at least two-thirds of the several states have made similar applications pursuant to Article V, but if the Congress proposes an amendment to the Constitution identical in subject matter to that treated in this resolution, then the application for a constitutional convention shall no longer be of any force or effect; and

"Be it further resolved that this application shall be deemed null and void, rescinded and of no force or effect if the constitutional convention be not limited to such specific and exclusive purpose; and

"Be it further resolved that this body also proposes that the signatures of each of the several states comprising the United States which have not ye made similar applications apply to the Congress requesting the enactment of an appropriate amendment to the federal constitution, and making application to the Congress to call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing such an amendment to the federal constitution; and

"Be it further resolved that copies of this resolution be sent by the Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of this state be directed to send copies of this resolution to the Secretary of State and presiding officers of both Houses of the Legislature of each of the other states of the Union, the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C. and the Secretary of the United States Senate, Washington, D.C."

POM-325. A joint resolution adopted by the legislature of the State of California to the Congress of the United States, Senate Joint Memorial 5.

"J O I N T M E M O R I A L No. 5

"Whereas, the identification of a group of people for restrictive or punitive action based on race or national origin is a violation of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution and repugnant to the American ideals which uphold the rights of man and property; and

"Whereas there is a fundamental difference between a nation which is at war with the United States and the former resident of that nation and their descendants who are American citizens or resident aliens; and

"Whereas, on May 17, 1933, Franklin D. Roosevelt issued Executive Order 6100 on February 19, 1942, authorizing the assembly, removal and internment of more than 119,000 American of Japanese descent and Japanese resident aliens based solely on their race, thereby denying them their liberty and property without due process of law; and

"Whereas, 3,500 Oregonians of Japanese descent and Japanese resident aliens were denied their constitutional rights and suffered severe psychological and emotional trauma and grievous loss of property, jobs, and income, now, therefore, be it resolved by the Senate of the State of Oregon:

"(1) The Congress of the United States is memorialized to consider appropriate compensation for Americans of Japanese descent and Japanese resident aliens who were denied the constitutional rights to liberty and property through detention, removal and internment.

"(2) The Congress of the United States recognizes this country suffers when any American is imprisoned because of race or national ancestry.

"(3) The Congress of the United States recognizes this country suffers when any American is imprisoned because of race or national ancestry.

"(4) The Congress of the United States proposes legislation that the President of the United States or Congress, during times of national emergency, shall not take punitive action against Americans of Japanese descent and Japanese resident aliens based on their race or national origin.

"(5) A copy of this memorial shall be sent to the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives and to each member of the Oregon Congressional Delegation."

POM-324. A joint resolution adopted by the legislature of the State of Oregon to the Committee on the Judiciary.

"J O I N T R E S O L U T I O N No. 5

"Whereas, Senator Arlen Specter has introduced in the Congress of the United States, Senate Resolution 58, the Justice Assistance Act of 1983, which is an act to establish an independent office of the United States, the Office of Justice Assistance, to provide technical assistance to the states for the purposes of ratifying and implementing the provisions of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, the Director of the Office of Justice Assistance is authorized to make grants to the states for these purposes; and

"Whereas, it is particularly significant that one of the major components of the Justice Assistance Act of 1983 is to amend the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (Section 403(a)(b)) to provide community and neighborhood programs that enable citizens and survivors, offenders, rehabilitation, drug treatment, and justice personnel training, management, and technical assistance; and

"Whereas, this comprehensive federal legislation concerning local assistance programs in such essential areas as crime prevention, criminal law enforcement, victim services, offender rehabilitation, drug treatment, and justice personnel training, management, and technical assistance; and

"Whereas, in the amendments made by Sections 4 to 10, 12, 13, and 16 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, the Director of the Office of Justice Assistance is authorized to make grants to the states for these purposes; and

"Whereas, this is particularly significant that one of the major components of the Justice Assistance Act of 1983 is to amend the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (Section 403(a)(b)) to provide community and neighborhood programs that enable citizens and survivors, offenders, rehabilitation, drug treatment, and justice personnel training, management, and technical assistance; and

"Whereas, the legislation also establishes a Justice Assistance Board which includes representatives of neighborhood and community-based groups, and representatives of local and state governments; and
HCR 40 – FINAL VERSION

2012 SESSION

12-2819

05/09

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 40

A RESOLUTION for the purpose of petitioning the Congress of the United States to adopt an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, for submission to the states, to require, with certain exceptions, that the federal budget be balanced; or, in the alternative, to call a convention for the sole and exclusive purpose of proposing a federal balanced budget amendment for submission to the states for ratification.


COMMITTEE: State-Federal Relations and Veterans Affairs

ANALYSIS

This resolution urges the United States Congress to adopt a balanced budget amendment to the Constitution of the United States or to call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing a federal balanced budget amendment for ratification by the states.

12-2819

05/09

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Twelve

A RESOLUTION for the purpose of petitioning the Congress of the United States to adopt an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, for submission to the states, to require, with certain exceptions, that the federal budget be balanced; or, in the alternative, to call a convention for the sole and exclusive purpose of proposing a federal balanced budget amendment for submission to the states for ratification.

Whereas, with each passing year this nation becomes deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues so that the public debt now exceeds $12 trillion; and

Whereas, attempts to limit spending, including the impoundment of funds by the President of the United States, have resulted in strenuous assertions that the responsibility for appropriations is the constitutional duty of the Congress; and
Whereas, the annual federal budget repeatedly demonstrates the unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and

Whereas, the unified budget does not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not in the budget; and

Whereas, knowledgeable planning and fiscal prudence require that the budget reflect all federal spending and that the budget be in balance; and

Whereas, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level is one of the greatest economic threats which faces our nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to reverse this trend; and

Whereas, the mounting debt level is putting our country not only at economic security risk, but it is opening our country up to a national security risk as our debt level restricts our capacity to act and shows weakness to our enemies; and

Whereas, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the United States Constitution may be proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both Houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states the Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring:

That the New Hampshire general court hereby petitions the Congress of the United States of America to adopt an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, for submission to the states for ratification, requiring, with certain exceptions, that for each fiscal year the president of the United States submit and the Congress of the United States adopt a balanced federal budget; or

That pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States, the New Hampshire general court makes application to the Congress of the United States of America to call a convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, for submission to the states for ratification, requiring, with certain exceptions, that for each fiscal year the president of the United States submit and the Congress of the United States adopt a balanced federal budget; and

That if Congress adopts, within 90 days after the legislatures of two-thirds of the states have made application for such convention, an amendment to the Constitution of the United States similar in subject matter to that contained in this resolution, then this application for a convention shall no longer be of any force or effect; and
That this application and request be deemed null and void, rescinded, and of no effect in the event that such convention not be limited to the aforementioned specific and exclusive purpose of a Federal Balanced Budget Amendment; and

That this application shall be deemed null and void, rescinded, and of no effect in the event the United States Supreme Court rules that a convention cannot be limited to the subject stated in 34 such applications; and

That this application by the New Hampshire general court constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds of the Legislatures of the several states have made application for a similar convention pursuant to Article V or Congress has proposed an amendment to the Constitution of the United States similar in subject matter to that contained in this concurrent resolution; and

That certified copies of this concurrent resolution be transmitted by the house clerk to the President of the United States Senate, to the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, to each member of the New Hampshire delegation to the Congress, and to the presiding officer of each house of each state legislature in the United States.

Approved May 16, 2012
Type 2
A JOINT RESOLUTION APPLYING TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES TO CALL A CONVENTION TO PROPOSE AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES TO REQUIRE A BALANCED FEDERAL BUDGET.

Whereas, believing that inflation is the most serious problem facing the people of the United States, and the primary cause of inflation is unchecked federal spending; and

Whereas, the State of North Carolina is required by its Constitution to have a balanced budget, and has long operated on a sound fiscal basis which the federal government would be well-served to emulate; and

Whereas, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the federal Constitution may be proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, the Congress shall call a Constitutional Convention for the purpose of proposing amendments which shall be valid when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states or by conventions in three-fourths thereof;

Whereas, by Resolution 97 of the General Assembly, ratified July 1, 1977, the Congress was requested to submit an amendment to the states to require a balanced federal budget, but the Congress has failed to act;

Now, therefore, be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring:

Section 1. That the Congress of the United States is requested to propose and submit to the states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which would require that, in the absence of a national emergency, the federal budget be balanced each fiscal year within four years after the amendment is ratified by the various states.

Sec. 2. That, alternatively, this body respectfully petitions the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require a balanced federal budget in the absence of a national emergency.

Sec. 3. That this application constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds of the legislatures of the several states have made similar applications pursuant to Article V, or until this application is rescinded by the General Assembly of North Carolina; but if Congress proposes an amendment to the Constitution identical in subject matter to that contained in this joint resolution before January 1, 1980, this petition for a Constitutional Convention shall no longer be of any effect.

Sec. 4. That this application and request be deemed rescinded in the event that the convention is not limited to the subject matter of this application.

Sec. 5. That since this application under Article V of the Constitution of the United States is the exercise of a fundamental power of the sovereign states under the Constitution of the United States, it is requested that receipt of this application by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States Congress be officially noted and duly entered upon their
General Assembly of North Carolina 1979

respective records, and that the full context of this resolution be published in the official publication of both the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Congress.

Sec. 6. That copies of this resolution be sent to the Secretaries of State, presiding officers of all state legislatures in the Union, the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, the Secretary of the United States Senate, and each member of the North Carolina Congressional delegation.

Sec. 7. This resolution is effective upon ratification.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified, this the 29th day of January, 1979.
Type 3
SJR100

ENROLLED, SJR100,

URGING CONGRESS TO PROPOSE A FEDERAL BALANCED BUDGET AMENDMENT.

WHEREAS, the reluctance of the federal government to incur debt and other obligations was established early in American history, with deficits occurring only in relation to extraordinary circumstances such as war; yet for much of the 20th century and into the 21st, the United States has operated on a budget deficit, including the 2010 budget year, which surpassed an astounding $1,300,000,000,000, an annual deficit that exceeded the entire gross state product of many of the states; and

WHEREAS, an exception to this pattern was at the turn of the 21st century; in FY 2001, America enjoyed a $128 billion budget surplus; and

WHEREAS, since FY 2001, America has been burdened with 10 consecutive years of deficits, to-wit:

FY 2002: $158 billion deficit
FY 2003: $377 billion deficit
FY 2004: $413 billion deficit
FY 2005: $318 billion deficit
FY 2006: $248 billion deficit
FY 2007: $161 billion deficit
FY 2008: $459 billion deficit
FY 2009: $1.4 trillion deficit
FY 2010: $1.3 trillion deficit
FY 2011: $1.5 trillion deficit (estimated); and
WHEREAS, as of January 2011, America's accumulated national debt exceeded $12 trillion now estimated at over $13 trillion; and
WHEREAS, the Congressional Budget Office projects that, if current trends continue under the White House's proposed budget, each of the next 10 years has a projected deficit exceeding $600 billion; and
WHEREAS, the budget deficits of the United States of America are unsustainable and constitute a substantial threat to the solvency of the federal government as evidenced by the comments of Standard and Poor's on April 18, 2011, regarding the longer term credit outlook for the United States; and
WHEREAS, Congress has been unwilling or unable to address the persistent problem of overspending and has recently increased the statutory limit on the public debt and enacted a variety of legislation that will ultimately cause the federal government to incur additional debt; and
WHEREAS, the National Commission on Fiscal Responsibility and Reform in its report The Moment of Truth
includes recommendations to reduce the federal deficit that
have not been considered by the United States Congress; and

WHEREAS, the consequences of current spending
policies are far-reaching; United States indebtedness to
governments of foreign nations continues to rise; costly
federal programs that are essentially unfunded or underfunded;
maintains to states threaten the ability of state and local
governments to continue to balance their budgets; moreover,
future generations of Americans inevitably face increased
taxation and a weakened economy as a direct result of the
bloated debt; and

WHEREAS, many states have previously requested that
Congress propose a constitutional amendment requiring a
balanced budget, but Congress has proven to be unresponsive;
anticipating situations in which Congress at times could fail
to act, the drafters of the United States Constitution had the
foresight to adopt the language in Article V that establishes
that on application of the Legislatures of two-thirds of the
several states, Congress shall call a convention for proposing
amendments; and

WHEREAS, in prior years the Alabama Legislature has
called on Congress to pass a Balanced Budget Constitutional
Amendment, many other states have done the same, all to no
avail; and
WHEREAS, a balanced budget amendment would require
the government not to spend more than it receives in revenue
and compel lawmakers to carefully consider choices about
spending and taxes; by encouraging spending control and
discouraging deficit spending, a balanced budget amendment
will help put the nation on the path to lasting prosperity;
now therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA, BOTH
HOUSES THEREOF CONCURRING, That the Legislature of the State
of Alabama hereby respectfully urges the Congress of the
United States to propose and submit to the states for
ratification a federal balanced budget amendment to the United
States Constitution.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That, in the event that
Congress does not submit a balanced budget amendment to the
states for ratification on or before December 31, 2011, the
Alabama Legislature hereby makes application to the United
States Congress to call a convention under Article V of the
United States Constitution for the specific and exclusive
purpose of proposing an amendment to that Constitution
requiring that, in the absence of a national emergency (as
determined by the positive vote of such members of each house
of Congress as the amendment shall require), the total of all
federal appropriations made by Congress for any fiscal year
not exceed the total of all federal revenue for that fiscal year.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That, unless rescinded by a succeeding Legislature, this application by the Alabama Legislature constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the United States Constitution until at least two-thirds of the Legislatures of the several states have made application for a convention to provide for a balanced budget.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That, in the event that Congress does not submit a balanced budget amendment to the states for ratification on or before December 31, 2011, the Alabama Legislature hereby requests that the legislatures of each of the several states that compose the United States apply to Congress requesting Congress to call a convention to propose such an amendment to the United States Constitution.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That this application is rescinded in the event that a convention to propose amendments to the United States Constitution includes purposes other than providing for a balanced federal budget.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the copies of this resolution be provided to the following officials:

1. The President of the United States.
2. The Speaker of the United States House of Representatives.
3. The President of the United States Senate.

4. All members of the Alabama Delegation to Congress

   with the request that this resolution be officially entered in

   the Congressional Record as an application to the Congress of

   the United States of America for a convention to propose an

   amendment to provide for a federal balanced budget in the

   event that Congress does not submit such an amendment to the

   states for ratification on or before December 31, 2011.

   BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this

   resolution be provided to the Secretaries of State and to the

   presiding officers of the Legislatures of the other states.
SJR100

President and Presiding Officer of the Senate

Speaker of the House of Representatives

SJR100
Senate 26-APR-11
I hereby certify that the within Senate Joint Resolution originated in and was adopted by the Senate.

Patrick Harris
Secretary

House of Representatives
Adopted: 01-JUN-11

By: Senator Orr

Alabama Secretary Of State
Act Num....: 2011-400
Bill Num....: SJR-100
Recv'd 06/08/11 10:18amTLW
Type 4
on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, calling a
convention for proposing amendments which shall be submitted to the Con-
gresses when ratified by the legislatures of three-

fourths of the several states, or by conven-
tions called for the purpose of proposing an amend-
ment to the Constitution of the United States, shall
be rejected, as the other mode of ratification may be
pro-
posed by the Congress, now, therefore, be it
Resolved by the Legislature of the State of
Florida:
That the Legislature of the State of Florida
does make application to the Congress of
the United States pursuant to Article V
of the Constitution of the United States to
call a convention for the sole purpose of
proposing an amendment to the Constitu-
tion of the United States to require a bal-
canced federal budget and to make certain ex-
ceptions with respect thereto. Be it further
Resolved that a copy of this memorial be
transmitted to the president and all of
the senators and representatives of Congress, the members of the Congressional
dlegation from the State of Florida and to
the presiding officers of each house of the
several state legislatures.

A Resolution
(Georgia)
Applying to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the purpose of
proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and for other
purposes.
Be it resolved by the General Assembly of
Georgia:
That this body respectfully petitions the
Congress of the United States to call a con-
vention for the special and exclusive purpose of
proposing an amendment to the Constitu-
tion of the United States to require a bal-
canced federal budget and to make certain ex-
ceptions with respect thereto.
Be it further resolved that this application
by the General Assembly of the State of
Georgia constitutes a continuing application
in accordance with Article V of the Constitu-
tion of the United States until at least two-
thirds of the legislatures of the several states have made similar applications pur-
suant to Article V, but if Congress proposes
an amendment to the Constitution identical
in subject matter to that contained in this
Resolution before January 1, 1877, this peti-
tion for a Constitutional Convention shall
no longer be of any force or effect.
Be it further resolved that the Clerk of
the House of Representatives is hereby au-
thorized and instructed to transmit a duly
attested copy of this Resolution to the Sec-
retary of the Senate of the United States,
Congress, the Clerk of the House of Repre-
sentatives of the United States Congress, to
the President of each house of each
State Legislature in the United States, and
to each member of the Georgia congressional
Delegation.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION No. 1861
[Missouri]
A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION requesting and
applying to the Congress of the United States to propose, or to call a convention
for the purpose of proposing, an amend-
ment to the Constitution of the United States which would require, that, in the absence of a declared
national emergency, total federal appropriations shall not exceed total estimated federal
revenues in a fiscal year.
Whereas, The United States moves more deeply in debt as its expendi-
tures exceed its available revenues and the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and
Whereas, Annually the federal budget demonstrates the unwillingness or inability of the
government to spend in conformity with available revenues, and
Whereas, Proper planning, fiscal prudence and plain good sense require that the federal
budget be in balance absent national emer-
gency; and
Whereas, A continuously unbalanced fed-
eral budget engenders a national deficit, causes continuous and damaging inflation and consequently a severe threat to the po-
tential social and economic stability of the United States; and
Whereas, Under Article V of the Constitu-
tion of the United States, amendments to the
Constitution may be proposed by the Con-
gress whenever two-thirds of both Houses
deem it necessary or, on the application of
the legislatures of two-thirds of the states, the Congress shall call a constitutional con-
vention for the purpose of proposing amend-
ments; now,

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Kansas, two-thirds of the members
elected to the Senate and two-thirds of the members elected to the House of Representa-
tives concurring therein: That the Con-
gress of the United States is hereby requested to propose an amendment to the Constitu-
tion of the United States which would require that, in the absence of a national
emergency, the total of all appropriations made by the Congress in any fiscal year shall not exceed the total of all estimated federal
revenues for such fiscal year; and
Be it further resolved: That, alternatively, the Legislature of the State of Kansas hereby
requests the Congress to make application to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the sole and exclusive purpose of
proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which would require that, in the absence of a national
emergency, the total of all appropriations made by the Congress for a fiscal year shall not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for such fiscal year.

SENIATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION No. 73
(Louisiana)
A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION—To memori-
alise and apply to the Congress of the United States, petitioning that a convention
can be called pursuant to Article V of the United
States Constitution, considering amendments
providing the same to prohibit the incurring of national
debt except in a state of emergency declared by a majority vote of the
members of both houses of Congress; and
providing that the purview of such convention be strictly limited to the consideration of
this amendment.
Whereas, The United States has, over the past three decades, embarked on a course of ever increasing deficit spending; and
Whereas, The public debt engendered thereby now far exceeds 500 billion dollars
and continues to rise above the speed of inflation at an alarming rate, threatening the
nation's economic growth; and
Whereas, Such national debt is, in and of itself, a major contributor to the very
inflation to which the United States is com-
mited to eradicating; and
Whereas, The national debt is illegal to the public welfare, limiting the amount of credit available to private citi-
zens, thus curtailing opportunities for national economic growth and expansion; and
Whereas, Continued fiscal irresponsibility can only result in an eventual financial
collapse of the very recently experienced by
New York City; and
Whereas, The use of the massive interest
required to service national debt poses
a serious hardship on the citizenry, par-
ticularly those on fixed incomes; and
Whereas, The current ability of the Federal
Government to avoid the difficult budgetary choices posed by zero debt financing has resulted in a lack of objective budgetary
analyses and, thus the funding of unness-
cary, or inefficient, programs.
Therefore, be it resolved by the Senate of the State of Louisiana, that the Government
be instructed to apply for a constitutional convention for any fiscal year if the resulting total
of appropriations for such fiscal year would exceed the total of federal revenues for such fiscal year.

SECTION 1. Except as provided in Section
3, the Congress shall not become the debt
servant of any foreign nation. The Congress shall provide for any fiscal year, if the resulting total
of appropriations for such fiscal year would exceed the total of federal revenues for such fiscal year.

SECTION 2. There shall be no increase in
the national debt, and the existing debt, as
it exists on January 1, 1877, to which this amend-
ment is ratified, shall be repaid during the
one hundred-year period following the date
on which this amendment is ratified. The rate of repayment shall be such that not less than one-tenth of the
debt shall be repaid during each ten-year
period.

SECTION 3. In times of national emergency,
decided by the concurrent resolution of
three-fourths of the membership of both
Houses of Congress, the application of
Section 1 may be suspended, provided that
such suspension shall not be effective past
the two-year term of the Congress which
passes such resolution. If such a national
emergency continues for two consecutive
years, the Congress may be instructed to
apply for a constitutional convention for any fiscal year if the resulting total of appropriations for such fiscal year would exceed the total of federal revenues for such fiscal year.

This article shall apply to fiscal
years that begin six months after the date
on which this article is ratified.

SECTION 5. Congress shall provide by law
for strict compliance with this amendment.
Be it further resolved that the purview
of any convention called by the Congress
pursuant to this resolution be strictly limited
to the consideration of an amendment of
the nature as herein provided.
Be it further resolved that this application
by the Legislature of the State of Louisiana
be a concurrent application pursuant to
Article V of the United States Constitution,
until such time as two-thirds of the Legislature of the State and a majority of the
Senate of Representatives, do so apply.

Be it further resolved that a duly attested
copy of this resolution be transmitted to
the President of the United States, to the
Secretary of the United States Senate, to
the Clerk of the United States House of
Representatives, to each member of the
bills, first, to deauthorize the Cross Florida Barge Canal project, second, to provide for restoration of the Oklawaha River, third, to authorize the project and completion of other lands and facilities outside the Oklawaha River area, and third to authorize study of the Oklawaha River for its inclusion in the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System, be jointly referred to the Committees on Environment and Public Works and Energy and Natural Resources. Since the first two bills come under the jurisdiction of the Committee on Environment and Public Works and the third under the jurisdiction of the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

The PRESIDING OFFICER, without objection, is so ordered.

PETITIONS

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following petitions and memorials, which were referred as indicated:

POM-182. A joint resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, to the Committee on the Judiciary:

"Whereas, The Indiana General Assembly of the State of Indiana, acting in its own behalf and in the behalf of the people of the State of Indiana, is hereby referred to the Committee on the Judiciary of the United States Senate for consideration:"

"Resolved, That the Massachusetts General Court call upon the President and the Congress of the United States to take such necessary investigative and prosecutory steps to cooperate with the government of the United States to put an end to the production, traffic in, and transportation of any and all dope or drug products, and to assist in the rapid and thorough conversion of these economies away from the debilitating world policies and into sound agricultural and industrial integration into a growing world economy, and be it further resolved:"

"Resolved, That the Congress investigate and bring to justice all those banking and corporate networks complicit in the laundering of the international illegal dope trade money, which takes place in particular in the Netherlands and Canadian sections of the London-based banking networks and enforce to the fullest the existing laws; and be it further resolved:"

"Resolved, That copies of these resolutions be sent forthwith by the Clerk of the Senate to the President of the United States, the President of the Senate, the Members of Congress, and to the Members thereof from this Commonwealth."

POM-149. A resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of Massachusetts; to the Committee on Armed Services:

"Resolved, That the Massachusetts General Court respectfully urge the President and the Congress of the United States to take such necessary steps to put an end to the production of any and all dope products, and to assist in the rapid and thorough conversion of these economies away from the debilitating world policies and into sound agricultural and industrial integration into a growing world economy, and be it further resolved:"

"Resolved, That the Massachusetts General Court respectfully urge the President and Congress of the United States to consider the light and personal and community and national burden and the resulting cost to the United States of providing for the needs of the people of the United States and for the Members of Congress and the Members thereof from this Commonwealth."

POM-185. A resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of Massachusetts; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources:

"Resolved, That the Massachusetts General Court respectfully urge the President and the Congress of the United States to take such necessary steps to put an end to the production of any and all dope products, and to assist in the rapid and thorough conversion of these economies away from the debilitating world policies and into sound agricultural and industrial integration into a growing world economy, and be it further resolved:"

"Resolved, That copies of these resolutions be sent forthwith by the Clerk of the Senate to the President of the United States, the Members of Congress, and to the Members thereof from this Commonwealth."

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

The following reports of committees were submitted:

By Mr. CANNON, from the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, with amendments:

S. 640. A bill to authorize appropriations for the fiscal year 1980 for certain maritime programs of the Department of Commerce, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 96-134).

By Mr. KENNEDY, from the Committee on Labor and Human Resources, with an amendment and an amendment to the title:

S. 427. A bill to authorize appropriations for activities of the National Science Foundation for fiscal years 1980 and 1981, and for other purposes (together with additional views) (Rept. No. 96-106). By Mr. KENNEDY, from the Committee on Labor and Human Resources, without amendment:

H.R. 2789. An act to authorize appropriations for activities of the National Science Foundation for fiscal years 1980 and 1981, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 96-107).

By Mr. PROXMIRE, from the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, with amendment:

S. 348. A bill to authorize the President of the United States to present on behalf of Congress a specially dedicated medal to Ben Abruzzo, Maxie Anderson, and Larry Newman (Rept. No. 96-108).

By Mr. CANNON, from the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, without amendment:

S. 349. A bill to authorize the President of the United States to present a gold medal...
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EXECUTIVE AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

The following communications were held before the Senate, together with accompanying papers, reports, and documents, which were referred as indicated:


EC-2865. A communication from the Assistant Director for Legislative and Public Affairs, Office of the Comptroller General of the United States, reporting, pursuant to law, a report on the progress in making out section 101 of the FY 1979 Foreign Assistance Appropriations Act, to the Committee on Appropriations.

EC-2866. A communication from the Director, Defense Security Assistance Agency, reporting, pursuant to law, a report on the Department of the Air Force's proposed letter of offer to Israel for defense articles estimated to cost in excess of $25 million; to the Committee on Armed Services.

EC-2867. A communication from the Department of the Air Force, reporting, pursuant to law, a report on the Department of the Air Force's proposed letter of offer to Morocco for defense articles estimated to cost in excess of $25 million; to the Committee on Armed Services.

EC-2868. A communication from the Federal Emergency Management Agency, reporting, pursuant to law, a report on the progress made in carrying out section 401 of the Flood Control Act of 1970; to the Committee on Appropriations.

EC-2869. A communication from the Administrator, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, transmitting a draft of proposed legislation to authorize appropriations to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1980, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

EC-2870. A communication from the Director, Consumer Product Safety Commission, transmitting, pursuant to law, the Commission's 1980 annual report, to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

EC-2871. A communication from the Administrator, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, transmitting a draft of proposed legislation to authorize additional appropriations to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for research and development; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

EC-2872. A communication from the Secretary of Commerce, transmitting, pursuant to law, an interim report on the progress of the planning and construction of the facilities for the 1980 Winter Olympic Games; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

EC-2873. A communication from the Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare, reporting, pursuant to law, a report on the activities conducted under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources.


EC-2875. A communication from the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, transmitting, pursuant to law, the President's 1980 annual report to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

EC-2876. A communication from the Comptroller General of the United States, transmitting, pursuant to law, the annual report on drug abuse, prevention, treatment, and rehabilitation; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

EC-2877. A communication from the Comptroller General of the United States, transmitting, pursuant to law, the second annual report on drug abuse, prevention, treatment, and rehabilitation; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.


PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS

The following petitions and memorials were laid before the Senate and were referred or ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

POM-043. A joint resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of [Nevada] to the Committee on the Judiciary.

EC-2879. A communication from the Administrator, Department of Labor, transmitting, pursuant to law, the President's 1980 annual report on the progress made in carrying out section 101 of the FY 1979 Foreign Assistance Appropriations Act; to the Committee on Appropriations.

WHEREAS, Proper economic planning, fiscal prudence and common sense require that the federal budget include all federal spending and revenue; and

WHEREAS, The national debt now amounts to hundreds of billions of dollars and is increasing enormously each year as federal expenditures exceed federal revenues; and

WHEREAS, The inflation and other results of the fiscal irresponsibility of the federal government have greatly increased the need for a constitutional restraint upon excessive spending; and

WHEREAS, Article V of the Constitution of the United States provides that on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the states, Congress shall call a convention for proposing amendments to the Constitution of the United States;...

Resolved by the Senate and Assembly of the State of Nevada, That this legislative request requires the Congress of the United States to call a convention limited to proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which would provide that, in the absence of a national emergency, the total of all federal appropriations for any
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S. 1398. A bill to amend and extend the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1966, and for other purposes. (Rept. No. 96-597).  S. 1420. A bill to amend the Museum Service Act for 2 years, and for other purposes. (Rept. No. 96-648).

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second time by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. McCORMICK (for himself and Mr. PAGE): S. 2250. A bill to authorize the planning and development of the WEB Pipeline Project in South Dakota, to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

By Mr. RIDGOFF (by request): S. 2531. A bill to amend chapter 33 of title 44, United States Code, to reconstitute the membership of the National Archives Trust Fund Board, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

By Mr. CRANSTON:

By Mr. LEVIN (for himself and Mr. KLOGUE): S. 2233. A bill to permit the Forest Service to acquire lands outside the boundaries of the Los Padres National Forest in California; to the Committees on Energy and Natural Resources.

By Mr. STEVENS (for himself and Mr. KLOGUE): S. 2230. A bill to authorize the construction of the Michigan Department of Education, and Welfare by certain persons conducting recombination, DNA research, and for other purposes; to the Committees on Labor and Human Resources.

By Mr. LEVIN (for himself and Mr. KOSSAK): S. 2235. A bill to authorize the Secretary of the Army to construct the Michigan Job Development Authority the lands and improvements comprising the Michigan Army Ammunition Plant, Heights, Macomb County, Michigan; to the Committees on Armed Services.

By Mr. LEVIN (for himself, Mr. CRANSTON, and Mr. KLOGUE): S. Res. 183. A joint resolution to provide for the usual Prudential School, "Federal Day, United States of America"; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. McCORMICK (for himself and Mr. PASSMAN), S. 2320. A bill to authorize the planning and development of the WEB pipeline project in South Dakota; to the Committees on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

WEB PIPELINE PROJECT

Mr. McCORMICK. Mr. President, today my colleagues from South Dakota (Senators Paschke and Puckett) and I introduce legislation authorizing planning and development of the WEB Water Development Association’s pipeline concept for the State of South Dakota.

The WEB pipeline is a project to serve domestic and livestock needs of 12,000 South Dakotans living in farm areas in my 18,000 residents in 57 South Dakota communities.

It will consist of a trunkline and smaller “feeder” systems spanning nine central South Dakota counties, including Campbell, Walworth, Potter, McPherson, Edmunds, Faulk, Brown, Spink, and Day Counties. Additionally, it will deliver water to the border with the State of North Dakota to serve a few hundred North Dakotans nearby. The project will be treated as a project of the WEB Water Development Association, comprised of a board of Directors and membership from the affected counties, has secured a feasibility study of this project using “interest fees” from the potential beneficiaries—including the municipalities, to be served, money from the Oakler Conservancy District, and it is expected that the state of the project can be written into the plan, and fill its requirements to do so—the U.S. Department of the Interior.

Various alternative options were explored and the WEB Association’s contracting engineer—a joint venture of Bartlett and West, and Boyle Engineering. The WEB Association has chosen a system that is significantly more expensive and expensive than the cheapest alternative, but scaled down considerably from the most expensive. They are recommending to the general membership of the association that they vote to adopt a 57 million gallon per day, $50 million system.

The legislation which Senator Puckett and I cosponsoring would provide a mechanism allowing for money to be appropriated to the Department of the Interior for construction of the pipeline, and the money to be transferred to the Department of Agriculture, and can it be guaranteed and loaned under provisions of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act by the Farmers Home Administration. As my colleagues will recall, that legislation provides that rural water systems can be constructed using a maximum of 75 percent grants and 25 percent loans. This bill specifically requests that precise percentage “mix” of grants and loans for this project, which has the support of the Department of Agriculture, can be guaranteed and loaned under provisions of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act by the Farmers Home Administration.

Mr. President, my colleagues may well ask why this legislation is constructed in the manner it is. Some explanation is warranted.

Many of my colleagues may recall that the legislation is to foster water resource development in the Missouri River Basin States is known as the Pick-Sloan Missouri Basin program, authorized by the Flood Control Act of 1944, and that development “umbrella” various water resource projects such as the Initial Stage, Oakler Unit—a multipurpose irrigation, municipal-industrial water supply, flood control, recreation and wildlife conservation project—were to be constructed to meet the water development needs in South Dakota.

That project, the Initial Stage, Oakler Unit, was rejected by local beneficiaries through the federal and state directors serving on the Oakler Conservancy District and the Spink County Irrigation
HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 38
IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA
TWENTY-SEVENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

BY REPRESENTATIVE KELLER

Introduced: 2/20/12
Referred: State Affairs

A RESOLUTION

1 Requesting the United States Congress to call a Constitutional Convention to propose an
2 amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring approval of a majority of
3 state legislatures to increase the federal debt limit.

4 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

5 WHEREAS, in 1982, the Twelfth Alaska State Legislature passed Legislative
6 Resolve No. 1, expressing concern that the public debt of the United States exceeded
7 hundreds of billions of dollars and making application to the United States Congress, under
8 Article V of the Constitution of the United States, for a constitutional convention for the
9 purpose of proposing amendments to the Constitution of the United States requiring that in
10 the absence of a national emergency, the total of all appropriations made by the United States
11 Congress for a fiscal year shall not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenue for that
12 fiscal year; and

13 WHEREAS, in 1997, the Twentieth Alaska State Legislature passed Legislative
14 Resolve No. 20, expressing ongoing concern that a balanced budget amendment to the United
15 States Constitution continued to be necessary to control the national deficit and to control
national government spending and urging the United States Congress and the President to
support a resolution proposing a balanced budget amendment to the Constitution of the United
States, and urging the legislature of each state of the nation to ratify the amendment; and

WHEREAS, because paying the nation's bills by simply raising the federal debt limit
has proven a failed policy, and the rapidly rising federal debt limit and rapidly increasing
federal debt compel the need for an urgent call for a balanced budget amendment to the
Constitution of the United States; and

WHEREAS it is increasingly critical to the national interest for the federal
government to live within its means and not to continue to authorize appropriations for a
current fiscal year that exceed the total estimated revenue fund by increasing the federal debt
limit; and

WHEREAS, in 2012, the United States continues to move more deeply into debt as
its expenditures exceed its available revenue, and, with recent increases, the federal debt limit
now exceeds $15 trillion; and

WHEREAS the federal budget has increased in size at a rate that is out of control and
unsustainable in relation to available revenue; and

WHEREAS the goal of controlling the unsustainable growth of the federal debt limit
and federal government spending must be achieved to protect the economic and political
stability of the United States for current and future generations; and

WHEREAS Article V of the Constitution of the United States provides authority for a
convention to be called by the Congress of the United States for the purpose of proposing
amendments to the Constitution of the United States upon application of two-thirds of the
legislatures of the several states--an amendments convention;

BE IT RESOLVED that the Alaska State Legislature wishes to remind the United
States Congress of the Alaska State Legislature's 1982 call for a convention to be called by
the United States Congress for a balanced budget amendment to the Constitution of the
United States, that this call was and remains a continuing call for an amendments convention,
and that the Alaska State Legislature continues strongly to urge the separate states to join in
this call; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that the Alaska State Legislature makes an additional and
urgent call for a convention to be called by the United States Congress under Article V of the
Constitution of the United States for the proposal and ratification of an amendment to the
Constitution of the United States that provides that an increase in the federal debt limit
requires approval from a majority of the legislatures of the separate states; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that the amendments convention requested by this
resolution be limited to the subject matter of proposing for ratification an amendment to the
Constitution of the United States providing that an increase in the federal debt requires
approval from a majority of the legislatures of the separate states; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that this application constitutes a continuing application in
accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds of
the legislatures of the several states have made application for an equivalently limited
amendments convention; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that the Alaska State Legislature urges the legislatures of
the other 49 states to make the same application.

COPIES of this resolution shall be sent to the Honorable Barack Obama, President of
the United States; the Honorable Joseph R. Biden, Jr., Vice-President of the United States and
President of the U.S. Senate; the Honorable Daniel K. Inouye, President pro tempore of the
U.S. Senate; the Honorable John Boehner, Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives; the
Honorable Nancy Erickson, Secretary of the U.S. Senate; the Honorable Karen L. Haas, Clerk
of the U.S. House of Representatives; the Honorable Lisa Murkowski and the Honorable
Mark Begich, U.S. Senators, and the Honorable Don Young, U.S. Representative, members of
the Alaska delegation in Congress; and the presiding officers of the legislatures of each of the
other 49 states.
March 29, 1982

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—SENATE

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

ENROLLED BILL SIGNED
At 12:32 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mr. Gregory, one of its reading clerks, announced that the Speaker has signed the following enrolled bill:

S. 694 An act to authorize the exchange of certain lands in Idaho and Wyoming.

The enrolled bill was subsequently signed by the President pro tempore (Mr. Tower).

At 12:37 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mr. Gregory, announced that the House has passed the following bill, with amendments:

S. 1381. An act to require the Federal Government to pay interest on overdue payments and to take early payment discounts only when payment is timely made, and for other purposes.

ENROLLED BILLS PRESENTED
The Secretary reported that on today, March 29, 1982, he had presented to the President of the United States the following enrolled bill:

S. 624. An act to authorize the exchange of certain lands in Idaho and Wyoming.

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS

APPLICATION
FORM-T90. A joint resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of Alaska:

"Resolution
"Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Alaska:

"Whereas annually the United States moves more deeply into debt as its expenditures exceed its available revenues and the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

"Whereas the federal budget demonstrates the unwillingness or inability of the federal government to spend in conformity with available revenues; and

"Whereas proper planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require that the federal budget be in balance absent national emergency; and

"Whereas a continuously unbalanced federal budget except in a national emergency causes continuous and damaging inflation and consequently a severe threat to the political and economic stability of the United States; and

"Whereas, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the Constitution may be proposed by Congress or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the states, Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments;

"Be it resolved that the Alaska State Legislature of the United States is requested to propose and submit to the states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which would require that within four years after its ratification by the various states, in the absence of a national emergency, the total of all appropriations made by Congress for a fiscal year shall not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year; and be it...

EXECUTIVE REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

The following executive reports of committees were submitted:

By Mr. PACKWOOD, from the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation:
James E. Burnett, Jr., of Arkansas, to be Chairman of the National Transportation Safety Board;
B. Adm. Wayne E. Caldwell, U.S. Coast Guard, to be the Commandant, U.S. Coast Guard, Atlantic Area with the grade of vice admiral while so serving; and
B. Adm. Charles E. Lakin, U.S. Coast Guard, to be the Commander, U.S. Coast Guard, Pacific Area with the grade of vice admiral while so serving.

The above nominations were reported from the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, with the recommendation that they be confirmed, subject to the nominee's consent to appear and testify before any duly constituted committee of the Senate.

By Mr. GARN, from the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs:
Proston Martin, of California, to be a member of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System for a term of 14 years.
Proston Martin, of California, to be Vice Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System for a term of 4 years.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second time by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. MELCHER:
S. 2637. A bill to amend the Poultry Products Inspection Act to increase the number of turkeys which may be slaughtered and produced without inspection by producers and cooperatives, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.
Type 5
JOINT RESOLUTION

Urging the Congress of the United States to propose a balanced budget amendment to the United States Constitution and applying to the Congress, pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution, to call a convention for proposing a balanced budget amendment.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

The General Assembly of the State of Ohio urges the Congress of the United States to propose a balanced budget amendment to the United States Constitution and hereby applies to the Congress, under the provisions of Article V of the United States Constitution, for the calling of a convention of the states limited to proposing an amendment to the United States Constitution requiring that in the absence of a national emergency the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year, together with any related and appropriate fiscal restraints; and

It is the intention of the General Assembly that matters shall not be considered at the convention that do not pertain to an amendment requiring that, in the absence of a national emergency, the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year, together with any related and appropriate fiscal restraints; and be it further

RESOLVED, The Secretary of State is hereby directed to transmit copies of this application to the President and Secretary of the Senate and to the Speaker and Clerk of the House of Representatives of the Congress, and copies to the members of the Senate and House of Representatives from the State of Ohio; also to transmit copies of this application to the presiding officers of each of the legislative houses of the several states, requesting their cooperation; and be it further

RESOLVED, This application is to be considered as covering the balanced budget amendment language of the presently outstanding balanced budget applications from other states, including previously adopted applications from Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, Colorado, Delaware, Florida,
Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, and Texas. This application shall be aggregated with those other applications for the purpose of attaining the two-thirds of states necessary to require the calling of a convention for proposing a balanced budget amendment, but shall not be aggregated with any applications on any other subject; and be it further

RESOLVED, If the convention called by the Congress is not limited to considering a balanced budget amendment, then any delegates, representatives, or participants from the State of Ohio asked to participate in the convention are authorized to debate and vote only on a proposed amendment or amendments to the United States Constitution requiring that in the absence of a national emergency the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year, together with any related and appropriate fiscal restraints; and be it further

RESOLVED, This application constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the United States Constitution until the legislatures of at least two-thirds of the several states have made applications on the same subject or the Congress has proposed an amendment to the United States Constitution equivalent to the amendment proposed in this resolution. This application supersedes all previous applications by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the same subject.
Speaker ______________ of the House of Representatives.

President ______________ of the Senate.

Adopted ______________, 20_
Senate Memorial

A memorial to the Congress of the United States, applying to Congress to call a convention for the sole purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which requires a balanced federal budget.

WHEREAS, the Legislature of the State of Florida passed Senate Concurrent Resolution 10 on April 21, 2010, and

WHEREAS, Senate Concurrent Resolution 10 made application to Congress to call a convention for proposing amendments pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States for two purposes: to achieve and maintain a balanced federal budget and to control the ability of Congress and federal executive agencies to dictate to states requirements for the expenditure of federal funds, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature of the State of Florida desires to conform to the single subject applications from Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, Colorado, Delaware, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maryland, Michigan, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas and limit its application to Congress for the sole purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require a balanced federal budget, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

(1) That the Legislature of the State of Florida hereby applies to Congress, under Article V of the Constitution of the
United States, to call a convention limited to proposing an
amendment to the Constitution requiring that, in the absence of
a national emergency, the total of all federal appropriations
made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the
total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year,
together with any related and appropriate fiscal restraints.

(2) That this application is to be considered as covering
the same subject matter as the presently outstanding balanced
budget applications from other states and is to be aggregated
with the applications from those states for the purpose of
attaining the two-thirds number of states necessary to require
the calling of a convention, but may not be aggregated with
applications on any other subject calling for a constitutional
convention under Article V of the United States Constitution.

(3) That this application constitutes a continuing
application in accordance with Article V until the legislatures
of at least two-thirds of the states have made applications on
the same subject and supersedes all previous applications by
this Legislature on the same subject.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this memorial be
dispatched to the President of the United States, to the
President of the United States Senate, to the Speaker of the
United States House of Representatives, and to each member of
the Florida delegation to the United States Congress.
A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

To apply to the Congress of the United States to call a convention pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States for the sole and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, for submission to the states for ratification, that would provide for a balanced budget.

WHEREAS, the failure of the federal budget process has produced an enormous federal budget deficit, and growing national debt presently burdens the American people and threatens to burden their descendants for generations to come; and

WHEREAS, the congressional practice of deficit spending and repeated raising of the ceiling on the federal debt has had the effect of endangering the jobs, incomes, retirement security, welfare, and future of American citizens; and

WHEREAS, such debt diverts scarce resources from crucial programs to pay interest on the national debt, constrains the ability of the federal government to address long-standing national problems and to respond to new needs, and increases pressures to raise taxes on the American people; and

WHEREAS, Article V of the Constitution of the United States provides that an amendment to the constitution may be proposed by congress, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the states, congress is required to call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing an amendment, which, in either case, shall become part of the constitution when ratified by three-fourths of the several states.
THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislature of Louisiana does hereby make application to the Congress of the United States to call a convention pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States of America for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, for submission to the states for ratification, to require that in the absence of a national emergency the total of all federal outlays made by Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year, together with any related and appropriate fiscal restraints.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this application is to be considered as covering the same subject matter as the presently outstanding balanced budget applications from other states, including but not limited to previously adopted applications from Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, and Texas; and that this application shall be aggregated with such applications for the purpose of attaining the two-thirds of states necessary to require the calling of a convention but shall not be aggregated with applications on any other subject.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this Concurrent Resolution be transmitted by the secretary of state to the president and the secretary of the United States Senate, to the speaker and clerk of the United States House of Representatives, to each member of this state's delegation to the Congress, and to the presiding officer of each house of each state legislature in the United States, requesting their cooperation.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this application by this legislature supersedes all previous applications by this legislature on this same subject matter and that this application constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until the legislatures of at least two-thirds of the several states have made application for a similar convention pursuant to Article V.
STATE OF MICHIGAN
97TH LEGISLATURE
REGULAR SESSION OF 2014

Introduced by Senators Green, Jones, Colbeck, Pappageorge, Proos, Robertson, Marleau, Booher, Jansen, Brandenburg, Casperson, Caswell, Emmons, Hansen, Hildenbrand, Hune, Kahn, Kowall, Meekhof, Moolenaar, Nofs, Pavlov, Richardville, Rocca, Schuitmaker and Walker

ENROLLED SENATE
JOINT RESOLUTION V

A JOINT RESOLUTION to petition the congress of the United States to call a convention to propose amendments to the constitution of the United States to require a balanced federal budget.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the state of Michigan, That pursuant to article V of the constitution of the United States, the legislature of the state of Michigan petitions the congress of the United States of America, at its session, to call a convention of the states limited to proposing an amendment to the constitution of the United States requiring that in the absence of a national emergency, including, but not limited to, an attack by a foreign nation or terrorist organization within the United States of America, the total of all federal appropriations made by the congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year, together with any related and appropriate fiscal restraints.

Resolved further, That this application is to be considered as covering the balanced budget amendment language of the presently outstanding balanced budget applications from other states, including, but not limited to, previously adopted applications from Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, Colorado, Florida, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, and Texas; and this application shall be aggregated with those applications for the purpose of attaining the two-thirds of states necessary to require the calling of a convention for proposing a balanced budget amendment, but shall not be aggregated with any applications on any other subject.

Resolved further, That this application constitutes a continuing application in accordance with article V of the constitution of the United States until the legislatures of at least two-thirds of the several states have made applications on the same subject. It supersedes all previous applications by this legislature on the same subject.

Resolved further, That certified copies of this joint resolution be transmitted by the secretary of state to the president of the United States Senate, to the speaker of the United States House of Representatives, and to each member of this state's delegation to the congress and that printed copies be sent to each house of each state legislature in the United States.
I hereby certify that on the twenty-sixth day of March, two thousand fourteen, the foregoing joint resolution was agreed to by the Senate, by a majority vote of the Senators elected and serving.

Carol Morey Vivenzi
Secretary of the Senate

I hereby certify that on the twentieth day of March, two thousand fourteen, the foregoing joint resolution was agreed to by the House of Representatives, by a majority vote of the Representatives elected and serving.

Gary E. Randall
Clerk of the House of Representatives
A RESOLUTION to make application to the Congress of the United States pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution to call a constitutional convention for the sole purpose of proposing a balanced budget amendment and other related fiscal restraints.

WHEREAS, Article V of the United States Constitution requires the United States Congress to call a constitutional convention upon application of two-thirds of the legislatures of the several states for the purpose of proposing amendments to the United States Constitution; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE ONE HUNDRED EIGHTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF TENNESSEE, THE SENATE CONCURRING, that the Congress of the United States is directed to call a constitutional convention limited to proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring that in the absence of a national emergency the total of all Federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated Federal revenues for that fiscal year, together with any related and appropriate fiscal restraints.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that this application is to be considered as covering the same subject matter as the presently-outstanding balanced budget applications from other states, including, but not limited to, previously-adopted applications from Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, and Texas; and that this application shall be aggregated with such applications for the purpose of attaining the two-thirds of states necessary to require the calling of a convention, but shall not be aggregated with any applications on any other subject.
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that this application constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds of the legislatures of the several states have made applications for similar relief pursuant to Article V.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that copies of this resolution be sent to the Honorable Joseph R. Biden, Jr., Vice President of the United States and President of the U.S. Senate, Washington, D.C.; the Honorable John Boehner, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Washington, D.C.; to each member of the United States Senate and House of Representatives from Tennessee; and to the Archivist of the United States.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that copies of this resolution also be sent to the presiding officers of the other state legislative bodies in the United States, with the request that the other states join Tennessee in applying to Congress to call a constitutional convention for the limited purpose proposed in this resolution.
A JOINT RESOLUTION, Making formal application to Congress to call an Article V convention of the states for the sole purpose of proposing a federal balanced budget amendment.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA, THE SENATE CONCURRING THEREIN:

WHEREAS, the Legislature of the State of South Dakota hereby applies to Congress, under the provisions of Article V of the Constitution of the United States, for the calling of a convention of the states limited to proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring that in the absence of a national emergency, the total of all federal appropriations made by Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year, together with any related and appropriate fiscal restraints; and

WHEREAS, this application constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until the legislatures of at least two-thirds of the several states have made applications on the same subject. It supersedes all previous applications by this Legislature on the same subject:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the House of Representatives of the Ninetieth Legislature of the State of South Dakota, the Senate concurring therein, that the State of South Dakota does hereby apply to the Congress of the United States to call an amendment convention pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution limited to proposing an amendment to the United States Constitution requiring that in the absence of a national emergency, the total of all federal appropriations made by Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year, together with any related and appropriate fiscal restraints; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, this application is to be considered as covering the same subject matter as the presently outstanding balanced budget applications from other states, including previously-adopted applications from Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, Colorado, Delaware, Florida,
Georgia, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maryland, Michigan, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, and Texas. This application shall be aggregated with same for the purpose of attaining the two-thirds of states necessary to require the calling of a convention for proposing a balanced budget amendment but may not be aggregated with any applications on any other subject; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the other states be encouraged to make similar applications for an amendment convention pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that this application constitutes a continuing application for such amendment convention pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States until the legislatures of two-thirds of the states have made such applications and such convention has been called by the Congress of the United States; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the secretary of state transmit copies of this resolution to the President of the United States, the Speaker and the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, the President and the Clerk of the United States Senate, the members of the South Dakota congressional delegation, and the legislatures of each of the several states, attesting the adoption of this resolution by the Legislature of the State of South Dakota.
Making formal application to Congress to call an Article V convention of the states for the sole purpose of proposing a federal balanced budget amendment.

I certify that the attached Resolution originated in the HOUSE as Joint Resolution No. 1001

_________ Chief Clerk

_________ Speaker of the House

Attest:

_________ Chief Clerk

_________ President of the Senate

Attest:

_________ Secretary of the Senate

STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA, ss.
Office of the Secretary of State

Filed ___________ 20__
at _______ o’clock __ M.

_________ Secretary of State

By ___________ Asst. Secretary of State

House Joint Resolution No. 1001
File No. _____
Chapter No. _____
Sixty-fourth
Legislative Assembly
of North Dakota

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 3015

Introduced by

Representatives Dosch, Rick C. Becker, Bellew, Fehr, Kading, Kasper, Schatz, Streyle, Thoreson

Senators Casper, Dever, Larsen

1 A concurrent resolution making a formal application to Congress to call a convention for the sole purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which requires a balanced federal budget.

4 WHEREAS, Article V of the Constitution of the United States mandates that upon the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the states, Congress shall call a convention for proposing amendments; and

7 WHEREAS, this application is to be considered as covering the balanced budget amendment language of the presently outstanding balanced budget applications from other states; and

10 WHEREAS, this application shall be aggregated for the purpose of attaining the two-thirds necessary to require the calling of a convention for proposing a balanced budget amendment, but shall not be aggregated with any applications on any other subject; and

13 WHEREAS, this application is a continuing application until the legislatures of at least two-thirds of the states have made applications on the same subject; and

15 WHEREAS, the North Dakota Legislative Assembly deems an amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring a balanced federal budget to be necessary for the good of the American people.

18 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF NORTH DAKOTA, THE SENATE CONCURRING THEREIN:

20 That the Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly urges the Congress of the United States to call a convention of the states limited to proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring that in the absence of a national emergency the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all
Sixty-fourth
Legislative Assembly

1 estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year, together with any related and appropriate fiscal
2 restraints.
3 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Secretary of State forward copies of this resolution
4 to the President and Secretary of the Senate and the Speaker and Clerk of the House of
5 Representatives of the Congress, to each member of the United States Congressional
6 Delegation, and also to transmit copies to the presiding officers of each of the legislative houses
7 in the United States, requesting their cooperation.
JOINT RESOLUTION CALLING FOR A BALANCED
BUDGET AMENDMENT TO THE U.S. CONSTITUTION
2015 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Kraig Powell
Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble

Cosponsors:  
Brian M. Greene  Dixon M. Pitcher
Stephen G. Handy  Paul Ray
Timothy D. Hawkes  Scott D. Sandall
Gregory H. Hughes  Mike Schultz
Ken Ivory  V. Lowry Snow
John Knotwell  Jon E. Stanard
Bradley G. Last  John R. Westwood
David E. Lifferth  Brad R. Wilson
Merrill F. Nelson
Jeremy A. Peterson

LONG TITLE
General Description:
This joint resolution of the Legislature calls for an Article V convention to propose a balanced budget amendment to the United States Constitution.

Highlighted Provisions:
This resolution:

- applies to Congress for the calling of a convention of the states, limited to proposing an amendment to the United States Constitution requiring that, in the absence of a national emergency, the total of all federal appropriations made by Congress for a specified period not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that period, together with any related and appropriate fiscal restraints;
H.J.R. 7

requests that this application be considered as covering the same subject matter as
the presently outstanding balanced budget applications from other states;
requests that this application be aggregated with the outstanding balanced budget
applications from the other states for the purpose of attaining the two-thirds of states
necessary to require the calling of a convention, but not be aggregated with any
applications on any other subject;
intends that the application made in this resolution constitute a continuing
application, in accordance with Article V of the United States Constitution, until the
legislatures of at least two-thirds of the several states have made applications on the
same subject; and
intends that this application supersede all previous applications by the Legislature of
the state of Utah on the same subject.

Special Clauses:
None

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
WHEREAS, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, "The Congress,
whenever two thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this
Constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two thirds of the several states, shall
call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents
and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three fourths of
the several states, or by conventions in three fourths thereof"; and
WHEREAS, the Legislature of the state of Utah has determined that calling for a
balanced budget amendment to the United States Constitution is in the best interest of the
citizens of Utah and the citizens of the United States of America:
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah, by
this resolution, and under the provisions of Article V of the United States Constitution, applies
to Congress for the calling of a convention of the states limited to proposing an amendment to
the Constitution of the United States requiring that, in the absence of a national emergency, the
total of all federal appropriations made by Congress for a specified period may not exceed the
total of all estimated federal revenues for that period, together with any related and appropriate
fiscal restraints.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, it is the intent of the Legislature of the state of Utah
that the delegates to such convention are prohibited from considering any other amendment or
change to the Constitution of the United States.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah respectfully
requests that this application be considered as covering the same subject matter as the presently
outstanding balanced budget applications from other states, including, but not limited to,
previously adopted applications from Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, Colorado, Delaware,
Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maryland, Michigan, Mississippi,
Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, North Carolina, Ohio,
Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Tennessee, and Texas.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah respectfully
requests that this application be aggregated with the applications from those states for the
purpose of attaining the two-thirds of states necessary to require the calling of a convention, but
not be aggregated with any applications on any other subject.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah intends that this
application constitute a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution
of the United States until the legislatures of at least two-thirds of the several states have made
applications on the same subject; provided, however, that the Legislature retains the authority
to rescind this resolution and thereby cancel this application at any time for any reason.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah reserves the
right to withdraw its application in the event that Congress attempts to do anything other than
call the convention as dictated by Article V of the United States Constitution.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah intends that
once the convention of the states applied for herein has been convened, the Legislature retains
full authority, at its sole discretion, to immediately rescind and thereby cancel this application
for convention, for any reason, including but not limited to, if the convention moves to
consider or propose any amendment or change to the United States Constitution other than the
amendment identified in this resolution.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah intends that this
application supersede all previous applications by the Legislature on the same subject.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this resolution be sent to the Vice
President of the United States, as President of the United States Senate, and to the Majority
Leader of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives,
and the members of Utah's congressional delegation.
Type 6
Senate Resolution 371

By: Senators Cowsert of the 46th, Shafer of the 48th, Chance of the 16th, Hill of the 32nd, Loudermilk of the 14th and others

ADOPTED

A RESOLUTION

1 Making renewed application to the Congress of the United States to call for a convention for
2 the purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States; and for
3 other purposes.

4 WHEREAS, in 1976, by House Resolution 469-1267, Resolution Act No. 93 (Ga. L. 1976,
5 p. 184), the Georgia General Assembly applied to the Congress to call a convention for the
6 specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United
7 States to require a balanced federal budget and to make certain exceptions with respect
8 thereto; and

9 WHEREAS, in 2004, by House Resolution No. 1343, Act No. 802 (Ga. L. 2004, p. 1081),
10 the Georgia General Assembly rescinded and repealed all prior applications for constitutional
11 conventions, including but not limited to said 1976 application; and

12 WHEREAS, the need for such a balanced budget amendment remains and has become far
13 more apparent and urgent.

14 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
15 GEORGIA that this body hereby applies again to Congress, under the provisions of Article
16 V of the Constitution of the United States, for the calling of a convention for proposing an
17 amendment to the Constitution of the United States and recommends that the convention be
18 limited to consideration and proposal of an amendment requiring that in the absence of a
19 national emergency the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal
20 year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year.

21 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Secretary of the Senate is authorized and directed
22 to transmit appropriate copies of this application to the President and Secretary of the United
23 States Senate, the Speaker and Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, and
24 members of the Georgia congressional delegation and to transmit appropriate copies also to

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- 1 -
the presiding officers of each of the legislative houses of the several states, requesting their cooperation.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this application is to be considered as covering the same subject matter as the presently-outstanding balanced budget applications from other states, including but not limited to previously adopted applications from Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, and Texas, and this application should be aggregated with same for the purpose of reaching the two-thirds of states necessary to require the calling of a convention, but should not be aggregated with any applications on any other subject.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this application shall constitute a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until:

(1) The legislatures of at least two-thirds of the several states have made applications on the same subject and Congress has called for a convention for proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States;

(2) The Congress of the United States has in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States proposed an amendment to said Constitution which is consistent with the balanced budget amendment referenced in this application; or

(3) January 1, 2020,

whichever first occurs.
Type 7
WHEREAS, it has been estimated that any additional emergency shipment, from Alaska, would take approximately sixty-three days to reach Hawaii and that any supply of Alaska oil would have to be used entirely because of its high sulfur content; and

WHEREAS, the storage of only three million barrels, 15% million emergency storage in Hawaii have not been added to the Carter Administration budget; and

WHEREAS, it is suggested on the basis of one barrel of oil embargo to the continental United States is only partial because of its domestic crude oil, coal, natural gas, and the oil gas distribution system, the threat to the Island State of Hawaii which has none of the aforementioned backup resources, is total; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED, that the House of Representatives of the Tenth Legislature of the State of Hawaii, in the session of 1978, at the request of Governor sắp, the United States Department of Energy is requested to increase Hawaii's Strategic Petroleum Reserve to 20 million barrels, and the President of the United States, the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, the Secretary of Energy, and to each member of Hawaiian delegation to the United States Senate,

Be it further resolved, that Hawaii's delegation to the United States Congress is respectfully requested to do everything within its power to obtain a billion barrels of the United States Strategic Petroleum Reserve in Hawaii; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that certified copies of this Resolution be transmitted to the President of the United States, the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, the Secretary of Energy, and to each member of Hawaii's delegation to the United States Congress.

POW-77. A joint resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of Massachusetts, to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

"Resolutions, The Industrial northeast is the backbone of the American economy. Therefore,

WHEREAS, American Industry and homes are extremely dependent on a continued flow of petroleum; and

WHEREAS, a Mexican oil and natural gas pact is essential to the economic livelihood of the United States; now, therefore,

Resolved, That the Massachusetts Senate memorializes the President and the Congress of the United States to secure an oil and natural gas pact with Mexico; and be it further

Resolved, That copies of these resolutions be transmitted forthwith by the Clerk of the Senate to the President of the United States, and to the President of the Senate of the United States, and to the Governor of each branch of Congress, and copies shall also be transmitted to the Governors of the several states of the Union.

POW-78. A joint resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of Arkansas to the Committee on the Judiciary:

"House Joint Resolution 1

WHEREAS, with each passing year this Nation becomes more deeply in debt, that expenditures grow constantly and necessarily, and where

WHEREAS, the annual Federal budget continuously demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the Federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and

WHEREAS, united budgets do not reflect actual expenditures of special outlays which are included in the budget without subject to the legal public debt limit; and

WHEREAS, knowledge of planned, fiscal prudence, and good sense require the construction of all Federal appropriations to be in balance; and

WHEREAS, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces Nation, we hereby believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility; and

WHEREAS, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, Amendments may be proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both Houses shall so require, or by the ratification of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states the Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments. We believe such action vital; and

NOW, THEREFORE, Be it resolved by the seventy-second General Assembly of the State of Arkansas,

That this Resolution proposes to the Congress of the United States, that procedures be instituted in Congress to add a new Article to the Constitution of the United States, and that the General Assembly of the State of Arkansas requests the Congress to prepare and submit to the states for ratification an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all Federal Appropriations be made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated Federal revenues for that fiscal year; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that, alternatively, this Body makes application and requests that the Congress of the United States, call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Federal Constitution requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all Federal Appropriations be made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated Federal revenues for that Fiscal Year; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED,

That copies of this Resolution be sent by the Secretary of State to the Arkansas Congressional Delegation; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED,

That the Secretary of State of Alaska is directed to send copies of this Joint Resolution to the Secretary of State and the presenters of both Houses of the Legislature of each of the other States in the Union, the Governor of the United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., and the Secretary of the United States Senate, Washington, D.C.

POW-79. A resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of Georgia to the Committee on the Judiciary:

"House Resolution 264

WHEREAS, millions of dollars have been spent by the United States since the decision on aboritions by the United States Supreme Court on January 29, 1973; and

WHEREAS, to date, the Congress of the United States has not proposed an amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

NOW, THEREFORE, Be it resolved by the House of Representatives that this body hereby urges the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the sole and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution that would protect the lives of all human beings, including unborn children, at every stage of their biological development.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that this application shall constitute a continuing application for such a convention pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States until such time as the legislatures of two-thirds of the States shall have made such applications and such convention shall have been called by the Congress of the United States.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that copies of this concurrent Resolution be presented to the President of the Senate of the United States, the Secretary of the Senate of the United States, the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, to the Governor of the State of Georgia, and to the Representative of the House of Representatives of the State of Georgia.
in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds (2/3) of the legislatures of the several states have made similar applications, pursuant to Article V, but if Congress proposes an amendment to the Constitution identical with this resolution or the like, Congress shall propose an amendment to the Constitution no longer than January 1, 1981, this application for a convention of the several states shall no longer be in effect.

Be it Further Resolved, That a duly attested copy of this resolution be immediately transmitted to the Secretary of the Senate of the United States, the Clerk of the House of Representatives of the United States; to each member of the Congress from this state; and to the governor of each state legislature in the United States.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 22
(Nevada)
Whereas, The national debt now amounts to hundreds of billions of dollars and is increasing enormously each year as federal expenditures grossly exceed federal revenue and expenditures; and
Whereas, Payment of the increased interest on the national debt imposes a tremendous burden upon the taxpayers of this country; and
Whereas, The national debt continually burden the Federal Government supports inflationary conditions which adversely affect the national credit and security of the United States, particularly those persons with fixed or low income; and
Whereas, Constantly increasing use of deficit financing has enabled the Federal Government to allocate considerable sums to programs which in many instances have proved to be wasteful and beneficent to the public; and
Whereas, Limiting federal expenditures in each fiscal year to revenues available in that year, except during national emergencies, will result in greater necessity of federal programs for the benefit of the public; and
Whereas, The annual federal budgets continually reflect the unwisdom or inability of both the legislative and executive branch of the Federal Government to balance the budget and demonstrate the necessity for a constitutional amendment upon deficit financing;

Resolved, That, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, the Congress be required to call a convention for the purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to provide for the congressional annual budgetary amendment to the federal Constitution on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the legislature of the State of Nevada hereby makes application to the Congress of the United States, pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States, to call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and that the State of Nevada requests the Congress to call a convention for the purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and that the State of Nevada requests the Congress to call a convention for the purpose of proposing amendments. We believe such action is vital. Now, therefore, be it resolved by the members of the forty-eighth legislature of Nevada, second session:

1. That this body proposes to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new article to the Constitution of the United States, and that the State of Nevada requests the Congress to prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenue for that fiscal year.

2. That, alternatively, this legislature makes application to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new article to the Constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenue for that fiscal year.

3. That this legislature also proposes that the Federal Government of the United States shall not make any appropriation for expenditures that are not for the purpose of proposing amendments to the Constitution of the United States.

4. That the Congress of the United States shall not make any appropriation for expenditures that are not for the purpose of proposing amendments to the Constitution of the United States.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION No. 66
(Nebraska)
Whereas, with each passing year this nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenue, so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and
Whereas, The annual federal budget continually demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branch of the Federal Government to curtail spending to conform to available revenue; and
Whereas, Unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special projects which are not included in the budget but which are subject to the legal public debt limit; and
Whereas, Knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance; and

Resolved, That the legislature of the State of New Mexico hereby makes application to the Congress of the United States to add a new article to the Constitution of the United States, and that the State of Nebraska requests the Congress to call a convention for the purpose of proposing amendments. We believe such action is vital. Now, therefore, be it resolved by the members of the eighty-fourth legislature of Nebraska, second session:

1. That this body proposes to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new article to the Constitution of the United States, and that the State of Nebraska requests the Congress to prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenue for that fiscal year.

2. That, alternatively, this legislature makes application to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new article to the Constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenue for that fiscal year.

3. That this legislature also proposes that the Congress of the United States call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments. We believe such action is vital. Now, therefore, be it resolved by the legislature of the State of Nebraska that this body proposes to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new article to the Constitution of the United States, and that the legislature of the State of Nebraska requests the Congress to prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenue for that fiscal year.
total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year.

To this end, the body also proposes that the legislatures of each of the several states comprising the United States apply to the Congress requesting the enactment of an appropriate amendment to the Federal Constitution to authorize the Congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing such an amendment to the Federal Constitution.

Be it further resolved that copies of this resolution be sent to the Secretary of State to the members of New Mexico’s delegation to the Congress of the United States;

Be it further resolved that the secretary of state of this state is directed to send copies of this joint resolution to the secretary of state and presiding officers of both houses of the legislature of each of the other states in the Union, the clerk of the United States house of representatives, Washington, D. C. and the secretary of the United States Senate, Washington, D. C.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4018 (North Dakota)

Be it resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives concurring:

That we respectfully propose an amendment to the Constitution of the United States and call upon the people of the several states for such purpose as provided by Article V of the Constitution, the proposed Article providing as follows:

Section 1. The president shall submit, at the beginning of each new Congress, an annual budget for the ensuing fiscal year setting forth in detail the total proposed expenditures and the total estimated revenue of the Federal Government from sources other than borrowing. The president may set new revenue estimates from time to time. Expenditures for each two-year period shall not exceed the estimated revenue except in time of war or a national emergency declared by the Congress. The provisions of this Article shall not apply to the reimbursing of the national debt.

Be it further resolved, that copies of this resolution be forwarded by the Secretary of State to the legislatures of the several states.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1049 (Oklahoma)

Whereas, with each passing year this nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues, so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars;

Whereas, the annual federal budget continually demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues, so that the total of all federal appropriations made by Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year.

Section 3. That this body also proposes that the legislatures of each of the several states comprising the United States apply to the Congress requesting the enactment of an appropriate amendment to the Federal Constitution to authorize the Congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing such an amendment to the Federal Constitution.

Section 4. That copies of this resolution shall be sent by the Secretary of State to our members of Congress.

Section 5. That the Secretary of State of this state is directed to send copies of this Joint Resolution to the Secretary of State and presiding officers of both houses of the legislature of each of the other states in the Union.

Whereas, unified budgets do not reflect actual spending by the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit;

Whereas, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance;

Whereas, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the inflation which will result from this policy, is the greatest threat which we face as a nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility;

Whereas, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the Constitution can only be made by Congress by proposing amendments in the form of a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments. We believe such action vital.

Now, therefore, be it resolved by the House of Representatives and the Senate of the 22nd session of the 89th Oklahoma legislature:

Section 1. That this body proposes to the Congress of the United States that proceeds be initiated for Congress to add a new Article to the Constitution of the United States, and that the Legislature of the State of Oklahoma, in the meantime, take action and request the Congress to prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all Federal appropriations made by Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year.

Section 2. That, alternatively, this body requests the Congress of the United States to call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Federal Constitution requiring in the absence of a national emergency.

SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL 2 (Oregon)

(1) That this body respectfully petitions the Congress of the United States to call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of rejecting an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require a balanced federal budget and to make certain exceptions with respect thereto;

(2) That this application by this body constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds of the legislatures of the several states have made similar applications pursuant to Article V, but if Congress proposes an amendment to the Constitution identical in subject matter to that contained in this Joint Memorial before January 1, 1979, this petition for a constitutional convention shall no longer be of any force or effect.

(3) That this body proposes that the legislative bodies of the several states comprising the United States apply to the Congress of the United States requiring the Congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing an appropriate amendment to the Federal Constitution or requesting the enactment of such an amendment to be submitted to the states for ratification.

(4) That a copy of this memorial shall be transmitted to the President of the United States, to the President pro tempore of the Senate of the United States, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, to each of the legislative bodies of each state of the United States of America, and to the presiding officers of each legislative body in the United States of America.

RESOLUTION NO. 250 (Pennsylvania)

Whereas, Requesting appropriate action by the Congress, either acting by consent of two-thirds of both Houses or, upon the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, calling a Constitutional Convention to propose an amendment to the Federal Constitution to require, with certain exceptions, that the total of all Federal appropriations may not exceed the total of all estimated Federal revenues in any fiscal year;

Whereas, With each passing year this Nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues, so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

Whereas, The Annual Federal Budget continually demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the Federal Government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues, and

Whereas, United budgets do not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget or subject to the legal public debt limit; and

Whereas, Knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all Federal spending and be in balance; and

Whereas, Believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the Federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our Nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility; and

Whereas, Under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the Federal Constitution may be proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both Houses deem it necessary, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states the Congress shall call a Constitutional Convention to propose amendments. We believe such action vital; therefore be it

Resolved (The Senate concurring), That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania proposes to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new article to the Constitution of the United States, and that the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania requests the Congress to prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all Federal appropriations made by Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated Federal revenues for that fiscal year; and be it further

Resolved That, notwithstanding the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania makes application and requests that the Congress of the United States call a Constitutional Convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Federal Constitution requiring
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—SENATE
February 8, 1979
Section 1. Amendment to U.S. Constitution proposed. The General Assembly of the State of South Carolina proposes to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted under Article V of the Constitution of the United States requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of the estimated federal revenues, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, for that fiscal year.

The General Assembly further and alternatively requests that the Congress of the United States call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing such an amendment to the federal constitution, to be a new Article XXVII.

The General Assembly also proposes that the legislature of each of the several states in the Union, by joint resolution, propose an amendment to the federal constitution, to be a new Article XXVII, which shall read substantially as follows:

Section 2. Copies to certain persons.—The Secretary of the Senate is directed to forward copies of this resolution to the Governor of the State of South Carolina, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and each member of the South Carolina Congressional Delegation.

Time effective.—This act shall take effect upon approval by the Governor.

House Joint Resolution No. 22 (Tennessee)

Whereas, each passing year this Nation becomes more deeply in debt as congressional expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed revenues so that the public debt now exceeds a half-trillion dollars; and Whereas, attempts to limit spending by means of a new congressional budget committee procedures have proved fruitless; and Whereas, the annual federal budget repeatedly demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the Federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and Whereas, the proposed budget of five hundred billion dollars for fiscal year 1978-1979 does not reflect total spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and Whereas, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the resulting inflation and decline in the Nation's trading position is a growing and corrosive threat to our economy, the well-being of our people, and to our representative democracy, that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the Federal government's spending under control; now, therefore, Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring:

That Congress is requested, pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution, to call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Federal Constitution.

Be it further resolved that the proposed new amendment read substantially as follows:

"PROPOSED ARTICLE XXVII

The total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year shall not exceed the total of the estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year, including any revenues derived from borrowing, and this prohibition extends to all federal appropriations, including both estimated federal revenues, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing. The President in submitting a budget request to the Congress in enacting appropriation bills shall comply with this article.

The provisions of this article shall be suspended upon the occurrence of a national emergency as determined by the President of an unlimited national emergency. The suspension may be extended, but not for more than one year at any one time. This resolution is hereby referred to the Committee on the Constitution of the United States, the President of the United States, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and both houses of Congress for a joint resolution for the Constitution of the United States requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of the estimated federal revenues, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, for that fiscal year.

This act shall take effect upon approval by the Governor."

Section 3. Time effective.—This act shall take effect upon approval by the Governor.

House Joint Resolution No. 22 (Tennessee)

Whereas, each passing year this Nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and Whereas, attempts to limit spending have resulted in strenuous objections that the responsibility for appropriations is the constitutional duty of the Congress and the President; and Whereas, the annual federal budget repeatedly demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and Whereas, the unified budget of over three hundred billion dollars for the current fiscal year does not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and Whereas, knowledgeable planning and fiscal prudence require that the budget reflect all federal spending and that the budget be in balance; and Whereas, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the resulting inflation and decline in the Nation's trading position is a growing and corrosive threat to our economy, the well-being of our people, and to our representative democracy, that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the Federal government's spending under control; now, therefore, Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring:

That Congress is requested, pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution, to call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Federal Constitution.

Be it further resolved that the proposed new amendment read substantially as follows:

"PROPOSED ARTICLE XXVII

The total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year shall not exceed the total of the estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year, including any revenues derived from borrowing, and this prohibition extends to all federal appropriations, including both estimated federal revenues, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing. The President in submitting a budget request to the Congress in enacting appropriation bills shall comply with this article.

The provisions of this article shall be suspended upon the occurrence of a national emergency as determined by the President of an unlimited national emergency. The suspension may be extended, but not for more than one year at any one time. This resolution is hereby referred to the Committee on the Constitution of the United States, the President of the United States, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and both houses of Congress for a joint resolution for the Constitution of the United States requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of the estimated federal revenues, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, for that fiscal year.

This act shall take effect upon approval by the Governor."

Section 2. Copies to certain persons.—The Secretary of the Senate is directed to forward copies of this resolution to the Governor of the State of South Carolina, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and each member of the South Carolina Congressional Delegation.

Time effective.—This act shall take effect upon approval by the Governor.

House Joint Resolution No. 22 (Tennessee)

Whereas, each passing year this Nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and Whereas, attempts to limit spending have resulted in strenuous objections that the responsibility for appropriations is the constitutional duty of the Congress and the President; and Whereas, the annual federal budget repeatedly demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and Whereas, the unified budget of over three hundred billion dollars for the current fiscal year does not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and Whereas, knowledgeable planning and fiscal prudence require that the budget reflect all federal spending and that the budget be in balance; and Whereas, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the resulting inflation and decline in the Nation's trading position is a growing and corrosive threat to our economy, the well-being of our people, and to our representative democracy, that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the Federal government's spending under control; now, therefore, Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring:

That Congress is requested, pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution, to call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Federal Constitution.

Be it further resolved that the proposed new amendment read substantially as follows:

"PROPOSED ARTICLE XXVII

The total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year shall not exceed the total of the estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year, including any revenues derived from borrowing, and this prohibition extends to all federal appropriations, including both estimated federal revenues, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing. The President in submitting a budget request to the Congress in enacting appropriation bills shall comply with this article.

The provisions of this article shall be suspended upon the occurrence of a national emergency as determined by the President of an unlimited national emergency. The suspension may be extended, but not for more than one year at any one time. This resolution is hereby referred to the Committee on the Constitution of the United States, the President of the United States, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and both houses of Congress for a joint resolution for the Constitution of the United States requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of the estimated federal revenues, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, for that fiscal year.

This act shall take effect upon approval by the Governor."

Section 2. Copies to certain persons.—The Secretary of the Senate is directed to forward copies of this resolution to the Governor of the State of South Carolina, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and each member of the South Carolina Congressional Delegation.

Time effective.—This act shall take effect upon approval by the Governor.
March 15, 1979

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD — SENATE

A message from the President of the United States stated that on March 7, 1979, he had approved and signed the following act:

C. 37. An act to repeal a section of Public Law 93-830.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

At 1:24 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives delivered by Mr. Berry, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House disagrees to the amendments of the Senate to H.R. 2478, an act to reduce certain budget authority contained in the message of the President of January 31, 1979 (H. Doc. 95-6), transmitted pursuant to the Impoundment Control Act of 1974; agrees to the conference requested by the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon; and that Mr. Whitten, Mr. Boland, Mr. Natcher, Mr. Slade, Mr. Smith of Iowa, Mr. Yates, Mr. Collins, Mr. Michel, and Mr. O'Bryen were appointed managers of the conference on the part of the House.

At 4:12 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives delivered by Mr. Gregory, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House disagrees to the amendments of the Senate to H.R. 2478, an act to help maintain peace, security and stability in the Western Pacific and to promote continued extensive, close, and friendly relations between the people of the United States and the people of Taiwan; agrees to the conference requested by the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon; and that Mr. Zablocki, Mr. Paschen, Mr. Wolff, Mr. Mica, Mr. Hall of Ohio, Mr. Broomfield, Mr. Derwinski, and Mr. Findley were appointed as managers of the conference on the part of the House.

The message also announced that the House has passed the following bill, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H.R. 2854. An act to provide for a temporary increase in the public debt limit, and for other purposes.

HOUSE BILL HELD AT DESK

The following bill was read by title and ordered to be held at the desk, by unanimous consent:

H.R. 2854. An act to provide for a temporary increase in the public debt limit, and for other purposes.

COMMUNICATIONS

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following communication, together with accompanying reports, documents, and papers, which were referred as indicated:

EC-832. A communication from the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, transmitting a draft of proposed legislation to amend and extend the law concerned with nurse training, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources.

EC-833. A communication from the Chairman, National Labor Relations Board, transmitting, pursuant to law, its annual report for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1978, to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources.

EC-834. A communication from the President and national executive director, Girl Scouts of the United States of America, transmitting, pursuant to law, its annual report for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1978, to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources.

PETITIONS

The PRESIDENT pro tempore of the Senate informed the Senate of the following petitions, which were referred as indicated:

POM-04. A joint resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of Nevada, to create the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

"ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION No. 11

"Whereas, At the time the United States Fish and Wildlife Service requested the consent of the people of the State of Nevada to the acquisition and use of the portion of Ruby Lake in White Pine County as a refuge under the Migratory Bird Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. §§716-716d), the Secretary represented to the people of the State of Nevada that one of the purposes of the acquisition was to provide them with an area for fishing, hunting, and other recreation; and

"Whereas, The State of Nevada and White Pine County gave their consent in reliance upon that representation of purposes; and

"Whereas, Subsection 6 of H.R. 328, 99th Congress provides that the consent of the State of Nevada continues only so long as Ruby Lake is used for the purposes for which it was acquired; and

"Whereas, The United States Fish and Wildlife Service has violated its representation that the State of Nevada substantially impairs the recreational use of Ruby Lake; now, therefore, be it

"Resolution of the Assembly and Senate of Nevada, jointly, That the consent of the State of Nevada to the acquisition and use of the portion of Ruby Lake in White Pine County as a refuge under the Migratory Bird Conservation Act is hereby revoked, and the United States Fish and Wildlife Service and the Congress of the United States of America are hereby requested forthwith to terminate the status of the portion of Ruby Lake in White Pine County as such a refuge and to transfer the management of that area to the Nevada Department of Fish and Game; and be it further

"Resolved, That copies of this resolution be transmitted by the legislative counsel to the Secretary of the Interior, to the Vice President of the United States, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and to each member of the Nevada congressional delegation, and be it further

"Resolved, That this resolution shall become effective upon passage and approval."

POM-05. A concurrent resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of Texas,传 the Committee on the Judiciary:

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INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second time by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. LEAHY:
S. 670. A bill to amend the Rural Development Act of 1972; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

By Mr. LEAHY (for himself and Mr. STEWART):
S. 671. A bill to extend for 2 years the authorization of appropriations for carrying out title V of the Rural Development Act of 1972; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

By Mr. CHAMBLISS:
S. 672. A bill to exempt lands within the Imperial Irrigation District of California from certain sections of the Federal reclamation laws; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

By Mr. JACKSON (for himself and Mr. SERRA) (by request):
S. 673. A bill to authorize appropriations to the Department of Energy for national security programs for fiscal year 1980 and fiscal year 1981; and for other purposes; to the Committees on Armed Services and the Committees on Energy and Natural Resources, jointly, by unanimous consent.

By Mr. ORBAN:
S. 674. A bill to amend section 101 of title 38, United States Code, to limit the recognition of parent or stepparents of a veteran adopted through courts in foreign countries; to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs.

S. 675. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to authorize a draft for the treatment and rehabilitation of veterans with alcohol or drug-dependent disabilities, and for other purposes; to the Committees on the Judiciary.

S. 676. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to provide readjustment counseling to persons receiving benefits from the State of California, for their surviving spouses, and children, and for other purposes; to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. KENNEDY (by request):
S. 677. A bill to provide for improvements in the administration of justice, greater efficiency in the Federal courts, and more uniform decisions in those courts, and for other purposes; to the Committees on the Judiciary.

By Mr. KENNEDY (for himself and Mr. DeCONCINI):
S. 678. A bill to provide for improvements in the structure and administration of the Federal courts, and for other purposes; to the Committees on the Judiciary.

By Mr. KENNEDY (for himself, Mr. KENNEDY, and Mr. DODD):
S. 679. A bill to eliminate the amount in controversy requirement for Federal question jurisdiction, to modify the jurisdictional requirements with respect to diversity of citizenship, and for other purposes; to the Committees on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MIZUENBAUM (for himself, Mr. KENNEDY, and Mr. RANCO:
S. 680. A bill to extend the right of citizens to sue in Federal courts for unlawful governmental action; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. COHEN (for himself, Mr. DOLZ, and Mr. RANCO:
S. 681. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for reciprocal agreements for services covered outside the United States to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. MCCLURE:
S. 682. A bill to establish the Historic Civilian Conservation Committee; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

By Mr. COHEN:
S. 683. A bill to establish the North Country National Scenic Trail located in portions of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and North Dakota, as a component of the National Trails System; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

By Mr. MAGNUSON:
S. 684. A bill to establish an equitable and comprehensive liability regime for the marine transportation of oil by vessel, and for other purposes; to the Committees on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

By Mr. JOHNSTON (for himself, Mr. LEAHY, and Mr. MOLINEUX):
S. 655. A bill to establish a program for Federal storage of spent fuel from civilian nuclear powerplants, to carry out the Federal policy and initiate a program for the long-term storage of nuclear waste from civilian and defense facilities, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

By Mr. BIDEN:
S. 685. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to require authorizing legislation for tax expenditures, and for other purposes; to the Committees on the Budget and the Committees on Governmental Affairs, jointly, pursuant to order of August 1, 1977.

By Mr. CHAFFEE (for Mr. PHILLIPPS and Mr. CHAFFEE):
S. 686. A bill to amend the Rhode Island Indian Claims Settlement Act to provide an exemption from taxes with respect to the settlement lands and amounts received by the State Corporation, and to provide a deferred of capital gains with respect to the sale of settlement lands to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. JACKSON (by request):
S. 687. A bill to authorize appropriations to the Department of Energy for national security programs for fiscal year 1980 and fiscal year 1981, and for other purposes; to the Committees on Energy and Natural Resources.

By Mr. TALMADGE (for himself and Mr. CRANDALL) (by request):
S. 688. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to increase the rates of disability compensation for disabled veterans; to increase the rates of dependency and indemnity compensation for their surviving spouses and children, and for other purposes; to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. KENNEDY (by request):
S. 689. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to extend expired appropriation authorizations for emergency medical services systems and health information and to other purposes; to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources.

By Mr. DANFORTH:
S. 690. A bill to prohibit the use of appropriated funds to lobby members of State legislatures and legislative bodies of political subdivisions; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

By Mr. KENNEDY (by request):
S. 691. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act concerning nursing education and training, and the care of health professionals; to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources.
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the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year.

Further Resolved, That the legislatures of the several states comprising the United States are urged to apply to the Congress requesting the enactment of an amendment to the Constitution, or requiring the Congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing such amendment to the Federal Constitution.

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the House is directed to send copies of this memorial to the Secretary of the Senate and to the residents of each state and territory to the Congress of the United States.

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February 25, 1976

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—SENATE

-In the area of veterans’ health care, I have requested $4.5 billion to assure continued quality care by providing for increases in medical staff and research related to VA health care.

A realistic assessment of the present health care programs and the responsibilities of Federal, State, and local governments fully demonstrates that the reforms I am proposing in Federal health care are needed now. The Medicare Improvements of 1976 that I recommended to the Congress on February 11 also represents a balanced response to needed program reforms. This proposal is designed to improve catastrophic health cost protection for our aged and disabled; to restrain cost increases in the Medicare program; and provide training for the hospital insurance trust fund.

I request that the Congress vote to pass these measures that are the earliest possible consideration.

GERALD R. FORD

The White House, February 25, 1976

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD subsequently said: Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that a message from the President dealing with the subject of health care be referred Jointly to the Committee on Finance and the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore, Without objection, it is so ordered.

MESSENGES FROM THE HOUSE:

At 12:01 p.m., a message from the House Representatives delivered by Mr. Berry, one of his reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 811) making supplemental appropriations for the legislative branch for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and for other purposes.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION REFERRED

The joint resolution (H.J. Res. 811) making supplemental appropriations for the legislative branch for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and for other purposes, was read twice by its title and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

PETITIONS

The PRESIDENT pro tempore laid before the Senate the following petitions, which were referred as indicated:

House Concurrent Resolution No. 36 adopted by the Legislature of the State of Delaware to the Committee on the Judiciary.

House Concurrent Resolution No. 90 adopted by the Legislature of the State of Delaware to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Applying to the Congress for a convention to propose an amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

"Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the 154th General Assembly, the Senate concurring therein, that the General Assembly of the State of Delaware, hereby, and pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States, makes application to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the proposing of the following amendment to the Constitution of the United States;"

"ARTICLE —

"The cost of providing for the inspection and regulation of the production and sale of tobacco in the United States shall not exceed its income during any fiscal year, except in the event of declared war."

"Be it further resolved that this application by the General Assembly of the State of Delaware to the Congress of the United States constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds of the legislatures of the several States have made similar applications pursuant to Article V."

"Be it yet further resolved that since this method of providing for the inspection and regulation of the production and sale of tobacco in the United States has never been completed, the costs of the same shall be the exercise of the power of the Federal Government, to the extent of at least twenty-five percent of the amount necessary to carry out the purposes of this resolution, be paid by the Treasury of the United States."
military, pursuant to law; a copy of an act concerning the creation of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 11, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-529. A letter from the Chairman of the Council of the District of Columbia concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 11, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-530. A letter from the Chairman of the Council of the District of Columbia concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 11, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-531. A letter from the Chairman of the Council of the District of Columbia concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 11, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-532. A letter from the Chairman of the Council of the District of Columbia concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 11, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-533. A letter from the Chairman of the Council of the District of Columbia concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 11, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-534. A letter from the Chairman of the Council of the District of Columbia concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 11, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-535. A letter from the Chairman of the Council of the District of Columbia concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 11, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-536. A letter from the Chairman of the Council of the District of Columbia concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 11, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-537. A letter from the Senior Vice President for Finance of the Potomac Electric Power Company transmitting, pursuant to law, a copy of a balance sheet of Potomac Electric Power Company, as of December 31, 1976 (with an accompanying report); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-538. A letter from the Chairman of the Council of the District of Columbia concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 4, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-539. A letter from the Administrator of the General Services Administration concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 4, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-540. A letter from the Secretary of Transportation concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 4, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-541. A letter from the Administrator of the General Services Administration concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 4, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-542. A letter from the Administrator of the General Services Administration concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 4, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-543. A letter from the Administrator of the General Services Administration concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 4, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-544. A letter from the Administrator of the General Services Administration concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 4, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-545. A letter from the Administrator of the General Services Administration concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 4, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-546. A letter from the Administrator of the General Services Administration concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 4, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-547. A letter from the Administrator of the General Services Administration concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 4, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-548. A letter from the Administrator of the General Services Administration concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 4, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

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EC-550. A letter from the Administrator of the General Services Administration concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 4, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-551. A letter from the Administrator of the General Services Administration concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 4, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-552. A letter from the Administrator of the General Services Administration concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 4, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

EC-553. A letter from the Administrator of the General Services Administration concerning the establishment of a D.C. Armory Board that was adopted by the Council on December 7, 1976, and signed by the Mayor on January 4, 1977 (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.
under the supplementary medical insurance program for services furnished by physician extenders; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. PEARSON:
S. 488. A bill for the relief of Tak Lam Tung and his son, Wing Wah Tsui, to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. RIEGEL:
S. 488. A bill for the relief of Erinda Tomoko Erazugas; S. 487. A bill for the relief of Samuel Bosley Kapani; and S. 486. A bill for the relief of Patricia Aries Garcia; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BROOKE:
S. 489. A bill to amend the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

By Mr. RIEGEL:
S. 490. A bill to amend title XVI of the Social Security Act to establish a more adequate and realistic guaranteed annual income for all aged, blind, and disabled individuals over sixty-five years of age; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. BURDICK (for himself and Mr. Marcy):
S. 490. A bill to amend the Act entitled "An Act to authorize establishment of the Fort Union Trading Post National Historic Site, North Dakota, and Montana, and for other purposes, approved June 20, 1967 (80 Stat. 211)" and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. STAFFORD (for himself and Mr. Morse):
S. 492. A bill to amend the National Visitor Center Facilities Act of 1966, as amended, to facilitate the implementation of section 708 of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Public Works.

By Mr. STAFFORD:
S. 493. A bill to amend section 313 (k) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to increase the authorization of appropriations for the revolving fund established to finance the removal of oil and hazardous substances discharged into navigable waters, adjoining shorelines, and other contiguous zones; to the Committee on Public Works.

By Mr. JACKSON (for himself, Mr. Young, Mr. Breaux, and Mr. Randolph):
S. 494. A bill to amend the Youth Conservation Corps Act of 1970 (84 Stat. 741); to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. JACKSON (for himself and Mr. Dole):
S. 495. A bill to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1978 in accordance with section 261 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and section 305 of the amended, and for other purposes; to the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy.

By Mr. DOLE (for himself and Mr. Newmark):
S. 496. A bill to provide for the mandatory inspection of domesticated rabbits raised for human food, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry.

By Mr. DOLE:
S. 497. A bill to amend the Federal Crop Insurance Act and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry.

By Mr. STEVENSON:
S. 498. A bill to amend the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 to provide improved notice to the public of changes in air carrier fares; to the Committee on Commerce.

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CONGRESSIONAL RECORD - SENATE
January 28, 1977

By Mr. JACKSON (for himself and Mr. Harris) (by request):
S. 499. A bill to provide for the addition to the National Heritage Areas, National Forests, National Wildlife Refuges and National Wild and Scenic Rivers Systems, and for other purposes; and
S. 500. A bill to designate certain lands in the State of Alaska as units of the National Park, National Wildlife Refuge, National Forest, and National Wild and Scenic Rivers Systems, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. BELLMON (for Mr. Belder):
S. 501. A bill to amend the Orca McDonnell Amendment; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. PELL:
S. 502. A bill for the relief of Martha de Faria; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. McGUIRE (for himself, Mr. Edmands, Mr. Bellmon, Mr. Javits, Mr. Schatz, Mr. Danforth, Mr. Harris, Mr. Lautenberg, Mr. Bicker, Mr. Laski, Mr. Muskie, Mr. Wollock, Mr. Cash, and Mr. Breaux):
S. 503. A bill to expand manpower and resource reassignments for individuals and businesses to the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare.

By Mr. McGUIRE:
S. 504. A bill to provide for permanent tax relief for residents in the public interest; to the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare.

By Mr. BELLMON (for himself, Mr. Doles, and Mr. Voiles):
S. 505. A bill to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to guarantee loans made to producers for the purchase of controlled grain storage facilities on the farms of those producers; to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry.

By Mr. HUMPHREY:
S. 506. A bill to amend the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 to provide for a program of wage supplements for handicapped individuals; to the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare.

By Mr. PROCTOR:

By Mr. CHURCH:
S. 508. A bill to prohibit trading in potash futures on commodity exchanges; to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry.

By Mr. CHURCH:
S. 509. A bill to amend the Controlled Substances Act so as to make unlawful the cultivation of a controlled substance from a registered pharmacy; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. DOMENICT (for himself, Mr. Church, and Mr. Harris):
S. 490. A bill to amend the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 to remove the 65-year age limitation; to the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare.

By Mr. DOMENICT (for himself and Mr. Church):
S. 492. A bill to direct the Secretary of the Interior to purchase and hold certain lands in trust for the Zuni Indian Tribe of New Mexico to confer jurisdiction on the Court of Claims with respect to land claims of such tribe; and to authorize such tribal purchases and exchange lands in the States of New Mexico and Arizona; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. HEINZ:
S. 493. A bill requiring the President to suspend economic assistance, military assistance, government and commercial sales of arms, grain, airplanes, and other military equipment to any country that willfully and unreasonably restricts imports to the United States; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

By Mr. PEARSON (for himself and Mr. Harris):
S. 494. A bill to amend title XVII of the Social Security Act to authorize payment without the signatures of the President or the Vice President.
Resolved, That the proposed new Article XXVII (which shall be appropriate) read substantially as follows:

"PROPOSED ARTICLE XXVII

'The total of all Federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the estimated Federal revenues for that fiscal year. Excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, and the total of all Federal appropriations and all estimated Federal revenues, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, the Federal estimates and the Congress in enacting appropriation bills shall comply with this Article. If the President proclaims a national emergency, suspending the requirement that the total of all Federal appropriations not exceed the total estimated Federal revenues for a fiscal year, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, and two-thirds of all Members elected to each House of the Congress to determine by Joint Resolution, the total of all Federal appropriations may exceed the total estimated Federal revenues for that fiscal year;" and be it further


Resolved, That under the Great Seal of the Senate of Maryland, the Secretary of State is directed to send copies of this Joint Resolution to the Secretary of State and to the president of the Senate and the House of Delegates of the Legislature of each of the other States in the Union, with the request that it be circulated to the Executive and Legislative branches of the several State governments; and with the further request that each House of the Congress of the United States call a constitutional convention for the purpose of initiating a proposal to amend the Constitution of the United States in substantially the form proposed in this Joint Resolution of the General Assembly of Maryland.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION No. 51

(Mississippi)

Whereas, an ever-increasing public debt is injurious to the general welfare of the people of the United States; and

Whereas, the national debt is already dangerously high and any further increases will be harmful and costly to the people of the United States; and

Whereas, a program of deficit financing by the Federal Government is one of the greatest factors supporting the inflationary conditions presently existing in the country, and is a chief factor in reducing the value of the American currency, and

Therefore, be it resolved, That this application by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi constitutes a continuing application

Whereas, payment of the increased interest, required by the increased debt, would impose undue hardship on those with fixed incomes and those in lower income brackets; and

Whereas, it is not in the best interest of either this or future generations to continue such a practice of deficit spending particularly when this practice utilizes our supply of national resources for future generations; and

Whereas, by constantly increasing the deficit and financing the Federal Government has been allowed to allocate considerable funds to many special interest groups and beneficiaries of Federal programs, and

Whereas, by limiting the Federal Government to spend only the revenues that are estimated will be collected in a given fiscal year, except for certain specified emergencies, this could possibly result in greater stability of Federal Government programs for the benefit of the public and which would depend upon the willingness of the public to pay additional taxes to finance such programs; and

Whereas, there is provision in Article V of the Constitution of the United States for convening the Congress, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds (2/3) of the several States, calling a constitutional convention for the purpose of amending the Constitution which shall be valid to all intents and purposes when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths (3/4) of the States, or by conventions in three-fourths (3/4) thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress. Therefore, be it resolved, by the House of Representatives of the State of Mississippi, in convention assembled, That we do hereby, pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States, make application to the Congress of the United States to call a convention of the several States for the purpose of the following amendment to the Constitution of the United States:

"ARTICLE

Section 1. Except as provided in Section 2, the Congress shall make no appropriation for any fiscal year if the total of all Federal appropriations for such fiscal year would exceed the total revenues of the United States for such fiscal year.

Section 2. There shall be no increase in the national debt and such debt, as it exists at the end of the current fiscal year, shall be repaid during the one-hundred-year period beginning with the first fiscal year after this article is ratified. The rate of repayment shall be such that one-twentieth (1/20) of such debt shall be repaid during each ten-year interval of such one-hundred-year period.

Section 3. In time of war or national emergency, as declared by the Congress, the application by the Senate or House of Representatives by an affirmative vote of three-fourths (3/4) of the authorized membership of such house, shall be effective only with respect to the fiscal year in which such suspension is made. Such suspension shall not be effective past the two-year term of the Congress which passes such resolution, and if war or an emergency continues to exist such suspension must be reenacted in the same manner as provided herein.

This article may be made applicable only with respect to fiscal years which begin more than six (6) months after the date on which this article is ratified and be further resolved, That this application by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi constitutes a continuing application
In accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds (2/3) of the legislatures of the several states have made similar applications, but if Congress proposes an amendment to the Constitution similar to that contained in this resolution before January 1, 1991, this application for a constitutional amendment by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenue for that fiscal year.

Resolved, That this resolution shall become effective upon passage and approval.

LEGISLATIVE RESOLUTION 106
(NEBRASKA)

Whereas, with each passing year this nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly exceed available revenue, so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

Whereas, the annual federal budget continuously demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the Federal Government to curtail spending to conform to available revenue; and

Whereas, unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget or subject to the legal public debt limit; and

Whereas, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance; and

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Resolved, That the body proposes to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new article to the Constitution of the United States, and that the State of Nebraska requests the Congress to prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenue for that fiscal year.

2. That, alternatively, this legislature proposes that the Congress of the United States call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenue for that fiscal year.

Resolved, That this resolution shall become effective upon passage and approval.

Whereas, The national debt now amounts to hundreds of billions of dollars and is increasing enormously each year as federal expenditures grossly exceed federal revenues; and

Whereas, Payment of the increased interest on this enormous debt imposes a tremendous burden on the taxpayers of this country; and

Whereas, Continuous deficit financing by the Federal Government supports inflationary conditions which adversely affect the national economy and all Americans, particularly those persons with fixed or low incomes; and

Whereas, Constantly increasing use of deficit financing has enabled the Federal Government to allocate considerable sums to programs which in many instances have proved to be wasteful and nonbeneficial to the public; and

Whereas, Limiting federal expenditures in each fiscal year to revenues available in that year, except during national emergencies, will result in greater selectivity of federal programs for the benefit of the public; and

Whereas, The annual federal budgets continuously reflect the unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the Federal Government to balance the budget and demonstrate the necessity for a constitutional restraint upon deficit financing; and

Whereas, Under article V of the Constitution of the United States, the Congress is required to propose for the adoption of amendments to the federal Constitution on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and Assembly of the State of Nebraska, jointly, That, pursuant to article V of the Constitution of the United States, the legislature of the State of Nebraska hereby makes application to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the purpose of proposing an amendment to the United States Constitution which would require, that, in the absence of a national emergency, the total of the appropriation made by the Congress for each fiscal year may not exceed the total of the estimated federal revenues for that year; and be it further

Resolved, That the legislature of the State of Nebraska proposes that the legislatures of each of the several states apply to the Congress to call a constitutional convention for the exclusive purpose stated in this resolution; and be it further

Resolved, That this application by the legislature of the State of Nebraska constitutes a continuing application. In accordance with article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds of the legislatures of the several states have made