

Trump



CASA



Brent Skorup

PRESIDENT DONALD TRUMP ENTERED OFFICE IN 2025 PLEDGING TO ACCELERATE DEPORTATIONS OF ILLEGAL IMMIGRANTS AND TO PREVENT MASS IMMIGRATION INTO THE UNITED STATES.

WE WILL BEGIN THE PROCESS OF RETURNING MILLIONS OF CRIMINAL ALIENS BACK TO THE PLACES FROM WHICH THEY CAME.

HE ALSO SIGNED A DAY-ONE EXECUTIVE ORDER TO STOP GRANTING CITIZENSHIP TO US-BORN CHILDREN OF ILLEGAL IMMIGRANTS. HE ENDED A PRACTICE WITH DEEP HISTORICAL ROOTS.



BIRTHRIGHT CITIZENSHIP WAS ADDED TO OUR CONSTITUTION TO REVERSE THE SUPREME COURT'S INFAMOUS 1857 DRED SCOTT DECISION, WHICH DENIED CITIZENSHIP TO ALL BLACK PEOPLE IN THE US—EVEN TO FREEDMEN AND THEIR CHILDREN.

NO LONGER!



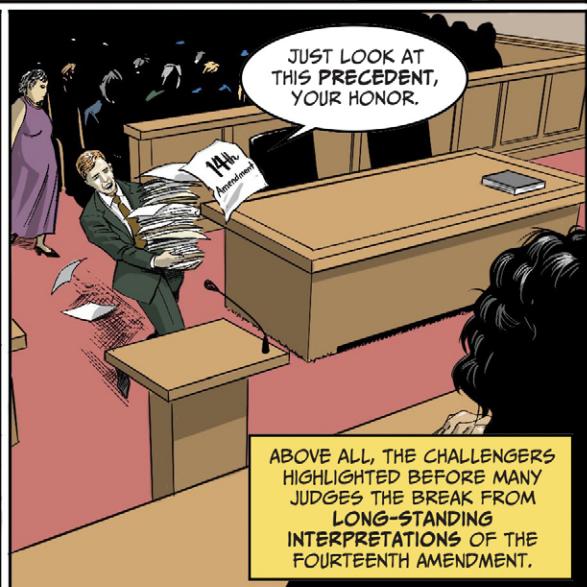
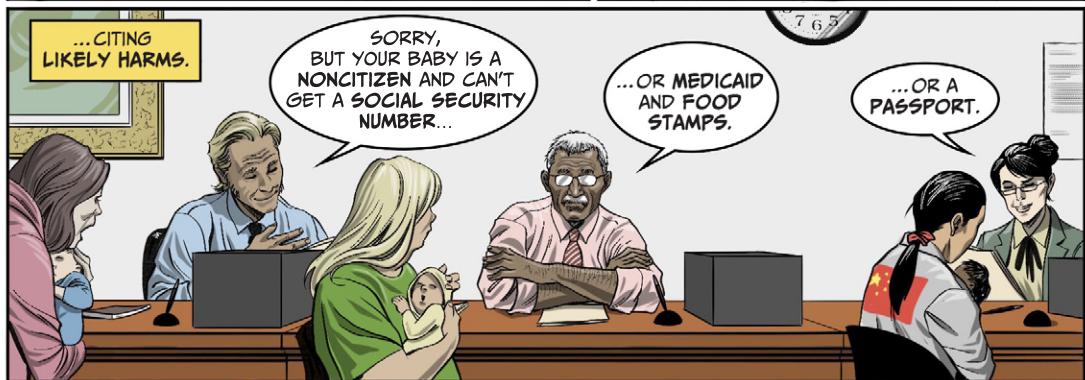
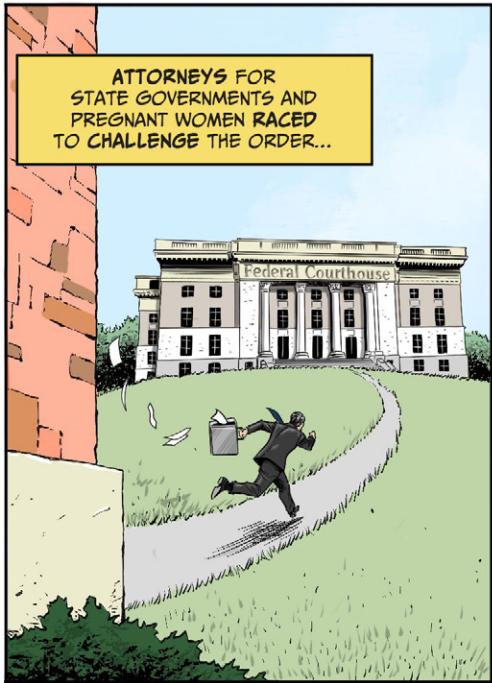
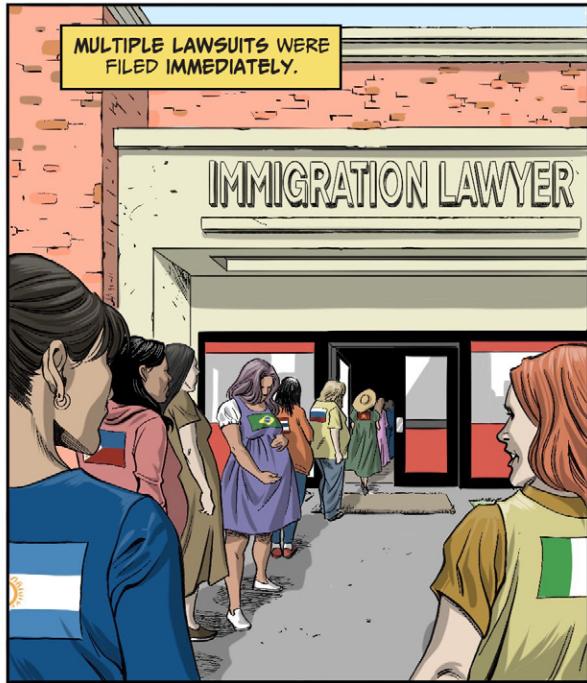
THE BIRTHRIGHT CITIZENSHIP CLAUSE, PART OF THE FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT, STATES THAT "ALL PERSONS BORN... IN THE UNITED STATES, AND SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION THEREOF, ARE CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES."

AND FOR GENERATIONS, US OFFICIALS HAVE RECOGNIZED NEARLY\* EVERY CHILD BORN WITHIN ITS BORDERS—REGARDLESS OF PARENTS' NATIONALITY OR LEGAL STATUS—AS A CITIZEN.

BUT PRESIDENT TRUMP'S EXECUTIVE ORDER ABROGATES THAT LONG-STANDING INTERPRETATION, EXCLUDING CHILDREN BORN TO ILLEGAL IMMIGRANTS.

\*Exceptions include children of foreign diplomats.





THE US GOVERNMENT SOUGHT TO CHALLENGE THE HISTORY AND PRECEDENT. BUT IT NEVER GOT THE CHANCE.

YOUR HONOR, IF I MAY...

THREE DIFFERENT DISTRICT COURTS DETERMINED THAT THE PRESIDENT'S EXECUTIVE ORDER WAS UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

I'M GOING TO GRANT THE REQUEST FOR AN INJUNCTION AGAINST THIS UNCONSTITUTIONAL PRESIDENTIAL ORDER.

NOTABLY, IN *TRUMP V. CASA, INC.*, THE JUDGE DID SOMETHING RARE—BUT NOT UNHEARD OF.

IN FACT, I'M GOING TO MAKE THIS A UNIVERSAL INJUNCTION.

INJUNCTIONS EITHER COMPEL OR FORBID PARTICULAR ACTIONS BY PARTIES TO A LAWSUIT.

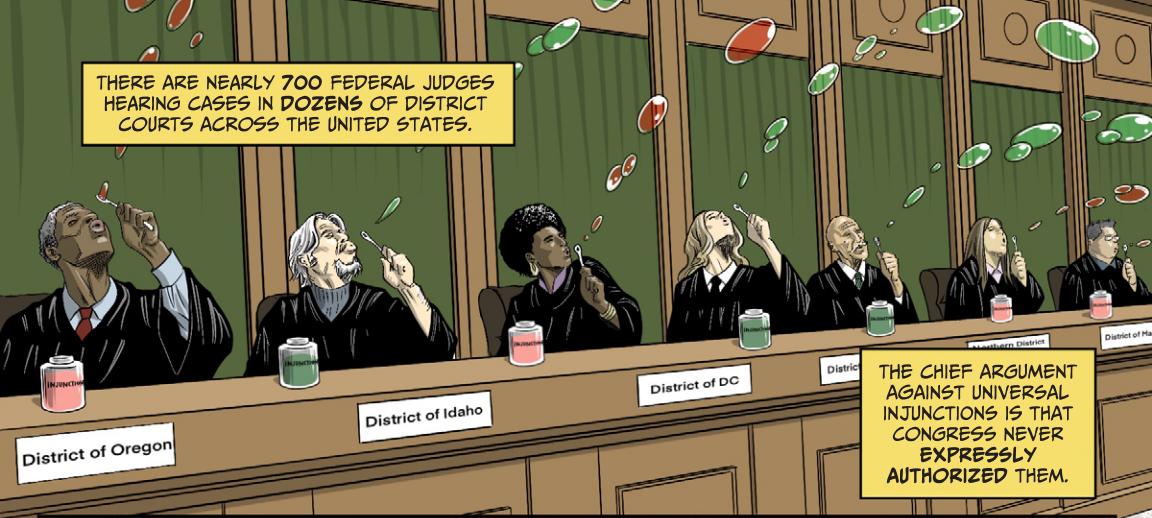


Injunctions

UNIVERSAL  
INJUNCTION

AND WHEN JUST ONE FEDERAL JUDGE CAN HALT AN ONGOING GOVERNMENT POLICY ACROSS THE ENTIRE NATION, THAT JUDGE WIELDS IMMENSE POWER.

THERE ARE NEARLY 700 FEDERAL JUDGES HEARING CASES IN DOZENS OF DISTRICT COURTS ACROSS THE UNITED STATES.



## UNIVERSAL INJUNCTION



WHETHER UNIVERSAL INJUNCTIONS ARE PROPER HAS BECOME A BITTER DEBATE—EVEN AMONG JUDGES!

WE CANNOT ALLOW THE PRESIDENT TO ENFORCE CLEARLY UNCONSTITUTIONAL POLICIES, ESPECIALLY REGARDING FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS LIKE BIRTHRIGHT CITIZENSHIP.

WITHOUT UNIVERSAL INJUNCTIONS, STOPPING AN UNCONSTITUTIONAL PRESIDENTIAL ORDER POTENTIALLY MEANS WAITING YEARS FOR THE SUPREME COURT TO INTERVENE—OR DECIDING HUNDREDS OF SEPARATE CASES!

BUT UNIVERSAL INJUNCTIONS SHORT-CIRCUIT THE NATION'S SYSTEM OF APPELLATE REVIEW, AND THEY IMPROPERLY ALLOW DISTRICT COURT JUDGES TO BECOME SUPERVISORS OF NATIONAL POLICY.

WHEN TRUMP V. CASA, INC. REACHES THE SUPREME COURT, IT IS A CASE LESS ABOUT THE POWERS OF THE PRESIDENT AND MORE ABOUT THE POWERS OF JUDGES.

IN TRUMP V. CASA, INC., THE TRUMP ADMINISTRATION SAW AN OPPORTUNITY TO CHALLENGE THE LEGALITY OF UNIVERSAL INJUNCTIONS—AND GIVE PRESIDENT TRUMP'S OTHER POLICY PRIORITIES A BETTER CHANCE IN COURT.

UNIVERSAL  
INJUNCTION

THE COURT'S POWER TO ISSUE INJUNCTIONS COMES FROM THE JUDICIARY ACT OF 1789. BUT THE ACT CONTAINS NO MENTION OF UNIVERSAL INJUNCTIONS.

AT AMERICA'S FOUNDING, COURT DECISIONS BOUND ONLY THE PARTIES BEFORE THEM—NOT OTHER PARTIES WHO HAPPENED TO BE SIMILARLY AFFECTED.

BUT THE ATTORNEYS' DEBATE SOON SHIFTED—from HISTORY TO POLICY.

YET TODAY, A SINGLE DISTRICT JUDGE CAN HALT A FEDERAL PROGRAM COAST-TO-COAST.

THIS INVITES PARTIES TO SHOP FOR SYMPATHETIC JUDGES AND ENCOURAGES JUDGES TO MAKE HASTY DECISIONS.

FURTHER, UNIVERSAL INJUNCTIONS MEAN THE GOVERNMENT MUST WIN EVERYWHERE TO IMPLEMENT ITS POLICY, WHILE CHALLENGERS NEED JUST ONE WIN TO BLOCK IT!

YOUR HONORS, THERE IS A LONG HISTORY OF JUDGES HALTING THE GOVERNMENT'S UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTS, EVEN IF JUDGES DIDN'T CALL THEM UNIVERSAL INJUNCTIONS.

AND EVERY JUDGE REVIEWING TRUMP'S ORDER FOUND IT BLATANTLY UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

AFFIRM THE INJUNCTION AND SAVE YEARS OF LITIGATION ON A COMMONSENSE ISSUE.

OTHERWISE, STATES FACE CHAOS IMPLEMENTING WELFARE PROGRAMS FOR THESE CHILDREN.

IN JUNE 2025, THE SUPREME COURT RULED 6-3 THAT LOWER COURTS CANNOT ISSUE UNIVERSAL INJUNCTIONS.

THE JUDICIARY ACT OF 1789 ENDOWED FEDERAL COURTS WITH JURISDICTION OVER "ALL SUITS... IN EQUITY." THOUGH FLEXIBLE, THIS EQUITABLE AUTHORITY IS NOT FREEWHEELING.

NOTHING LIKE A UNIVERSAL INJUNCTION WAS AVAILABLE AT THE FOUNDING, OR FOR THAT MATTER, FOR MORE THAN A CENTURY THEREAFTER.

THUS, UNDER THE JUDICIARY ACT, FEDERAL COURTS LACK AUTHORITY TO ISSUE THEM.

POP!

BY FORGING A SHORTCUT TO RELIEF THAT BENEFITS PARTIES AND NONPARTIES ALIKE, UNIVERSAL INJUNCTIONS... IMPERMISSIBLY ALLOW COURTS TO CREATE DE FACTO CLASS ACTIONS AT WILL.

EVERYONE, FROM THE PRESIDENT ON DOWN, IS BOUND BY LAW. THAT GOES FOR JUDGES TOO.

THE COURT'S RULING MEANS THE INJUNCTIONS IN *TRUMP V. CASA, INC.* PROTECT ONLY THE SPECIFIC PARTIES TO THE LAWSUIT, INCLUDING THE PREGNANT WOMEN REPRESENTED BY CASA.

THE DISSENTERS ISSUED A WARNING, HOWEVER.

NO RIGHT IS SAFE IN THE NEW LEGAL REGIME THE COURT CREATES.

THESE INJUNCTIONS, AFTER ALL, PROTECT NEWBORNS FROM THE EXCEPTIONAL, IRREPARABLE HARM ASSOCIATED WITH LOSING A FOUNDATIONAL CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT AND ITS IMMEDIATE BENEFITS.

YET A JUDICIARY UNDER FIRE HAD SECURED A CRUCIAL PROMISE FROM THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH TO RESPECT THE RULE OF LAW.

WE DON'T BELIEVE LOWER COURTS CAN ENJOIN PRESIDENTIAL POLICY, BUT WE WILL RESPECT BOTH THE JUDGMENTS AND THE OPINIONS OF THIS COURT.



ARE YOU HEDGING AT ALL WITH RESPECT TO THE PRECEDENT OF THIS COURT?

NO, YOUR HONOR, AND ANY FUTURE SUPREME COURT DECISION WOULD BE A NATIONWIDE PRECEDENT THE GOVERNMENT WOULD RESPECT.

MAY OUR GOVERNMENT ALWAYS HONOR THAT PROMISE.